



Pacific Manuscripts Bureau titles documenting non-traditional/capitalist labour in the Pacific, including plantation work, the labour trade (blackbirding, indentured labour) and workers' unions.

Compiled February 2026

For full records, search for the collection on the PMB [online database](#) (using the PMB ID in quotation marks, e.g. "PMB MS 36"). Individual collections may have their own finding aid or reel list attached. You will need to be visiting, or logged into, one of our Subscribing or Member libraries to open PDFs. The 'extent and medium' field indicates whether a collection is available on microfilm and/or digital.

AU PMB DOC 99

Title: Pacific Islands Company Ltd: Pacific Phosphate Company Ltd Miscellaneous printed papers

Date(s): 1898 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel: 129 frames; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Pacific Islands Company Ltd: Pacific Phosphate Company Ltd

Scope and content:

The papers relating to the Pacific Islands Company Ltd are: 1. Prospectus, c.1898 2. Report from 'The Times', 20 April 1899 3. 'Short notes on the Islands referred to in the Prospectus', c.1899 4. Prospectus, 3 June 1899 5. Notes on Baker (Guano) Island, n.d. 6. Notes on North-West and Tryon Islands, c.1898 7. 'We have this day sold to ...', c.1898 8. Issue of 9,850.00 first mortgage debentures 9. Report of Directors, 21 December 1900 10. Issue of 60,000.00 first mortgage debenture stock, 1902 11. 'Phosphate Deposits of Ocean and Pleasant Islands', by F. Danvers Powers The papers relating to the Pacific Phosphate Company Ltd are: 1. Issue of 100,000 six per cent cumulative second preference shares at par, 6 March 1914 2. Correspondence respecting Military Operations against German possessions in the Western Pacific, 1915 3. Sale of Shares, 26 July 1917 4. Notice of extraordinary general meeting, 8 July 1919 5. Report on annual general meeting, from 'The Times', 21 July 1919 6. Report of extraordinary general meeting, from 'The Times', 16 July 1920 7. 'A British Phosphate Enterprise', article by Thos. J. McMahon, in 'The World's Work', June 1919 8. Three clippings from 'The Times' - 28 May 1920, 17 June 1920, and undated.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB DOC 302

Title: Anglo Persian Oil Company Oil exploration work in Papua and New Guinea conducted by the Anglo-Persian Oil Company on behalf of the Government of the Commonwealth of Australia

Date(s): 1920 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Anglo Persian Oil Company

Scope and content:

Printed report 4 volumes

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Sponsors PNG Records Project

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB DOC 304

Title: Chinnery E.W.P. Anthropological reports

Date(s): 1925 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Chinnery, E.W.P.

Scope and content:

Chinnery joined the Papuan service in 1909 and served as a magistrate from 1911 until 1921 with a break for war service with the Australian Flying Corps. He later worked as adviser on labour to New Guinea Copper Mines and joined the mandated territory public service as Government Anthropologist in 1924. He was also Director of District Services and Native Affairs from 1932 until 1938 when he became Director of Native Affairs in the Northern Territory. He retired in 1946. 5 printed reports of uncertain date i.e.: 1. Notes on the Natives of Certain Villages of the Mandated Territory of New Guinea (c.1925). 2. Notes on the Natives of E. Mera and St Mathias (c.1925). 3. Certain Natives in south New Britain and Dampier Straits (c.1926). 4. Natives of the Waria, Williams and Bialolo Watersheds (c.1928). 5. Notes on the Natives of South Bougainville and Mortlocks (Taku) (c.1930).

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Sponsors PNG Records Project

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB DOC 307

Title: Murray John Hubert Plunkett and others miscellaneous printed reports

Date(s): 1908 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Murray John Hubert Plunkett and others

Scope and content:

1. *The territories of the Commonwealth*, reprint, Official Year Book of the Commonwealth of Australia, 1922. 2. *Timber trees of the Territory of Papua - reports and catalogue*, by Gilbert Burnett, 1908. 3. *Papuan timbers - some of the properties of six specimens*, by James Mann, 1911. 4. *Review of the Australian administration in Papua from 1907 to 1920*, by J.H.P. Murray, CMG. 5. Views of Australian planting and mining companies, missionaries and others on the administration of Papua, 1922. 6. *Papua of today* by J.H.P. Murray, 1923. 7. *Recent exploration in Papua* by J.H.P. Murray. 8. *Notes on Colonel Ainsworth's report on the Mandated Territory of New Guinea*, by J.H.P. Murray.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB DOC 455

Title: Fiji Planters Journal

Date(s): 1913 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Planters' Association of Fiji

Scope and content:

The Fiji Planters' Journal was published for the Fiji Planters' Association. The President of the Association was L.J. Hunt; the Secretary and editor of the *Journal* was H.H. Thiele. The Association had five branches in 1916: Southern Districts Branch, Ba Branch, Labasa Branch, Nadi Branch and Savu Savu Branch. Minutes of regular (monthly) meetings and of executive committee meetings of the Association are recorded in the *Journal*. It reports in 1917 that a move had been made by the Ba and Labasa Branches to stop publication of the *Journal* on the grounds that it did not include enough local material. It was noted that apart from members' subscriptions the *Journal* received £147 in advertising revenue, plus a subsidy of £50 each from CSR and the Government. The Planters' Council agreed to continue publication however advertising fell away and, in the last issue it is reported that some Branches of the Association had seceded from the Association over differences of opinion with the executive committee. The microfilm is made from the set at the Alport Barker Library at the National Archives of Fiji which is comprised of some originals together with photocopies supplied by the Mt. Albert Research Centre, Auckland. Some of the photocopies are poor quality. # Reel 1. Vol.1, Nos.1-12, Jul 1913-Jun 1914; Vol.2, Nos.13-24, Jul 1914-Jun 1915; # Reel 2. Vol.3, Nos.26-36, Aug 1915-June 1916; Vol.4, Nos.37-42, 44-45, 47-48, Jul 1916-Jun 1917. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Archives of Fiji and the Mount Albert Research Centre Library, Auckland, New Zealand

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB DOC 460

Title: British Solomon Islands Protectorate Agricultural Gazette

Date(s): 1933 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: British Solomon Islands Protectorate, Agricultural Committee

Scope and content:

The first three issues were compiled by Major F.R. Hewitt MC, Manager of Levers Pacific Plantations Limited, who conceived the idea of The Gazette. Subsequent issues were edited by R.A. Lever, Government Entomologist, BSIP, who also wrote many of the articles. The Gazette was printed in Sydney by W.T. Baker & Co. Resident Commissioner F.N. Ashby wrote that the Gazette aimed at "distribution among Planters of the results of the scientific research made by Entomological Officers employed by the Government in the Protectorate and as a means for Planters to express their views and seek advice." (Vol.3, No.4) The Gazette includes meteorological reports from Tulagi and elsewhere in later issues. It also includes annual reports of the Government Entomologist, correspondence and reviews. There are articles dealing with insects attacking coconut palms, native gardens, mosquito and malaria control (by H.B. Hetherington, Senior Medical Officer), wire fencing, tractors and horses, commercial possibilities of local plants, household pests, the copra market, copra driers, rice, kapok and ginger growing, export of reptile skins, Dr H.B. Guppy's datum line at Ugi Island, and the geography of the Solomon Islands, etc. Vol.1, No.1, Jan 1933; No.2, Apr 1933; No.3, Jul 1933; No.4, Oct 1933; Vol.2, No.1, Jan 1934; No.2, Apr 1934; No.3, Jul 1934; No.4, Oct 1934; Vol.3, No.1, Jan 1935; No.2, Apr 1935; No.3, Jul 1935; No.4, Oct 1935. (last issue, discontinued.) Vol.3, No.4 Supplement, Feb 1936. Includes index.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Queensland Herbarium Library

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1

Title: Diary

Date(s): 1905 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Witts, Maurice M.

Scope and content:

Maurice M. Witts, (1877-1966) an Australian who fought in the Boer War, went to the New Hebrides as a settler in 1904 after a brief sojourn in Fiji. With two cousins, Theo and Arthur Thomas, he planted coconuts in the Hog Harbour area of Espiritu Santo. He returned to Australia about 1913 and lived in the Moss Vale district until his death. The diary gives an account of the life of a copra planter in a remote part of the New Hebrides, and contains numerous observations on the natives of the Hog Harbour area. See also PMB 8 for a later diary by Witts for the year 1911.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mrs Betty L. Tyler, Apple Tree Cottage, Holly Rd, Burradoo, NSW 2576

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 7

Title: A History in diary form of Civil Aviation in Papua and New Guinea

Date(s): 1913 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Grabowsky, Ian

Scope and content:

Mr Ian Grabowsky, born in Finland in 1899, was actively associated with New Guinea aviation from 1931 to 1937 as a pilot and manager for Guinea Airways Ltd. Between 1962 and 1967, he compiled a history of civil aviation in New Guinea to the year 1935 for the Commonwealth Department of Civil Aviation (Australia). For further details of Grabowsky's career and his compilation, see Pacific Islands Monthly for February, 1968, p.14. A detailed account of the development of civil aviation and the exploits of the early fliers in Papua New Guinea to 1935, drawing upon a wide range of published and unpublished material. Reel 1: Introduction; Vol.1 - Chapter 1 The Discovery of Gold 1529-1925. Chapter 2 The Early Transport System (including a section on oil, administration patrols and recruitment of human transport). Chapters 3 and 4 Transport and the Goldfields 1926 (Chapter 4 includes A Wild Road Winds to Wau by Mrs Alice Allen Innes, 'mine hostess' at Salamau from 1927, recounting an incident recorded in her diary). Chapters 5 to 7 deal with Air Transport and the Goldfields from 1927 to 1929 respectively. Vol.2 - Chapters 7 to 9 cover air transport and the goldfields from 1930 to 1932 respectively. Vol.3 - Chapter 10 Great Discoveries of New Lands, New People, New Wealth, New Ventures and New Ambitions. Reel 2: Vol.3 (cont.) Chapter 11 - 1934. Vol.4 - 1935.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Department of Civil Aviation, Melbourne, Victoria

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 8

Title: Diary relating to the New Hebrides

Date(s): 1911 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm Digital PDF

Name of creator: Witts, Maurice M.

Scope and content:

Maurice M. Witts, (1877-1966) an Australian who fought in the Boer War, went to the New Hebrides as a settler in 1904 after a brief sojourn in Fiji. With two cousins, Theo and Arthur Thomas, he planted coconuts in the Hog Harbour area of Espiritu Santo. He returned to Australia about 1913 and lived in the Moss Vale district of New South Wales until his death. Besides giving a day-by-day account of the life of a copra planter, the diary records Witts' efforts, as a temporary commandant of police, to capture a New Hebridean outlaw named Thingaru who had been terrorising parts of Espiritu Santo.

See also PMB 1 for an earlier diary of Witts, for the year 1905.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mrs Betty L. Tyler, 'Apple Tree Cottage', Holly Rd, Burradoo, NSW 2576

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 9

Title: Tapu: a tale of adventure in the South Seas (a novel)

Date(s): 1894 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Moors, Harry J.

Scope and content:

Harry J. Moors (1854-1926) was born in Detroit and died in Apia, Western Samoa. As an agent for the Hawaiian Board of Immigration, he made several voyages to the Gilbert Islands [Kiribati] and Marshall Islands around 1880 to recruit labourers for Hawaii's sugar plantations. In 1883, he settled

in Apia, Western Samoa, and became a successful trader and planter. Moors was closely associated with Robert Louis Stevenson during the novelist's five years (1889-1894) in Samoa and in 1910 he published a book of reminiscences entitled 'With Stevenson in Samoa'. Moors stated in that book that Stevenson had once urged him to write down some of the 'wonderful stories' he had related to Stevenson about his early career. Moors acted on this encouragement, and after Stevenson died, he wrote two novels, of which 'Tapu: A Tale of Adventure in the South Seas' is one. Neither of the novels was published. See also the Bureau's newsletter 'Pambu', September 1968:4 The novel is based on Moors' experiences in the Gilbert and Marshall Islands as a labour recruiter for the Hawaiian Board of Immigration. The title page states that it is from the diary of John T. Bradley. Preface by Arthur Mahaffy.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mrs Priscilla Muench, Manila, Philippines

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 10

Title: The Tokanoa: a plain tale of some strange adventures in the Gilberts (a novel)

Date(s): 1894 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Moors, Harry J.

Scope and content:

Harry J. Moors (1854-1926), was born in Detroit and died in Apia, Western Samoa. As an agent for the Hawaiian Board of Immigration, he made several voyages to the Gilbert Islands and Marshall Islands around 1880 to recruit labourers for Hawaii's sugar plantations. In 1883, he settled in Apia, Western Samoa, and became a successful trader and planter. Moors was closely associated with Robert Louis Stevenson during the novelist's five years (1889-1894) in Samoa, and in 1910 he published a book of reminiscences entitled 'With Stevenson in Samoa'. Moors stated in that book that Stevenson had once urged him to write down some of the wonderful stories he had related to Stevenson about his early career. Moors acted on this encouragement, and after Stevenson died, he wrote two novels, of which 'The Tokanoa: A plain tale of some strange adventures in the Gilberts' is one. Neither of the novels was published. See also the Bureau's newsletter 'Pambu', September 1968:4. The novel is based on Moors' experiences in the Gilbert Islands [Kiribati] as a labour recruiter for the Hawaiian Board of Immigration. The title page states that it is compiled from the diary of John T. Bradley, labor agent.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mrs Priscilla Muench, Manila, Philippines

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 14

Title: Diary, in Tahitian, Mangarevan and English, kept on Flint Island, Eastern Pacific

Date(s): 1889 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm; Digital PDF

Name of creator: Moouga, H. I. N.

Scope and content:

H.I.N. Moouga appears to have been of Mangarevan descent and foreman of a team of coconut plantation workers from French Polynesia and Niue, employed on Flint Island by J.T. Arundel and Co. of London. The names of the workers are listed in the opening pages of the diary. The mixture of languages in which the diary is written may have been the lingua franca of the multi-lingual community on Flint Island. Moouga details daily weather conditions, prevailing winds, land areas cleared, coconut palms planted, coconuts harvested, crushed and cut. He describes also the difficult conditions under which the group worked - fire-ant infections, lack of medical care, lack of food, food contaminated by rust - and the often difficult relationships between the workers themselves and between them and the Arundel family. In the concluding pages of the diary, Moouga says that he has had more than enough of the life and asks to be repatriated.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Institution: Pacific Collection, Special Collections, Barr Smith Library
Address: The University of Adelaide, LOT 1207 North Terrace, Adelaide SA 5000
Country: Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 15

Title: Diaries and pearling logs

Date(s): 1882-01-01 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm; 345 page digital PDF

Name of creator: Hamilton, William

Scope and content:

Captain Hamilton (1852-1937) was born in Scotland and came to Australia at the age of 10. In 1882 - 1883 he made voyages from Brisbane to Vanuatu (at that time the New Hebrides), New Britain and New Ireland (Papua New Guinea) in labour recruiting vessels. For a dozen or so years from the late 1890s, he ran the Hamilton Pearling Co. with luggers operating out of Komuli in the Admiralty Islands and Gizo in Solomon Islands. This company also traded in copra, tortoise shell, black lip and green snail shell. Later, Captain Hamilton had big planting interests in the Solomons, mainly on Choiseul. He

died in Sydney in November, 1937. The papers copied on this microfilm are the most interesting and valuable historically of a large collection (in the Oxley Memorial Library) relating to Captain Hamilton's career. They comprise: - Diary of a recruiting voyage in the schooner Lochiel from Brisbane to the New Hebrides from September 20, 1882, to December 29, 1882. - Diary of a recruiting voyage in the schooner Jessie Kelly from Brisbane to the New Hebrides, New Britain and New Ireland from March to September, 1883. - Two reports on voyages in search of pearl shell in New Guinea and the Solomons in 1899-1900. - Log of the pearling lugger Nippon from April 20, 1901 to September 24, 1901, kept at the Hamilton Pearling Company's station at Komuli, Admiralty Islands. - Log of the Hamilton Pearling Company's station at Komuli from September 27 1902 to March 10 1903. - Logs and diaries kept by William Hamilton in the vessels Canomie, Ysabel, Gazelle and Kambin from January 1 1903 to November 14 1905. These concern the operations of the Hamilton Pearling Company in New Guinea and the Solomons. For further details of Captain Hamilton's career and of his other papers in the Oxley Memorial Library, see the Bureau's newsletter 'Pambu' October 1968:3, pp.3-6.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Institution: John Oxley Library, State Library of Queensland
Address: Cultural Precinct, Staley Place, Southbank, South Brisbane 4101, Queensland Country: Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 20

Title: Autobiographical record - Adventures of a Guano Digger in the Eastern Pacific

Date(s): 1871 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Chave, Richard Branscombe

Scope and content:

Richard Branscombe Chave, was born in 1849, probably in England. He was manager of the guano diggings on Starbuck Island (part of the central Line islands of Kiribati) in 1871, when the island was under lease from the British Government to Holder Bros. of London. Subsequently, Chave appears to have returned to his profession as a sailor. In 1871, Chave, then 22, was in charge of a guano team of three Europeans and 50 Rarotongans working on Starbuck Island. When provisions began to run low, and there was no sign of a brig which was to bring replenishments, Chave and three Rarotongans set off in a large boat to try to reach Malden Island, 120 miles away, which was being worked for guano by a Melbourne company. After becoming lost and surviving a capsizing, the party reached Penrhyn Island, several hundred miles in the opposite direction. Later, Chave and a Penrhyn Islander tried to sail back to Starbuck Island, but again Chave became lost and he and his companion finally drifted to an uninhabited island, which proved to be Suvarrow Atoll, where they lived for two years before being rescued. Chave's narrative gives a vivid account of his adventures up to a point where he and

his companion had been on Suvarrow for about nine months. For further details, see the Bureau's newsletter Pambu, Nov. 1968:4, pp.5-9 and Jan. 1969:6, pp.6-9.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Alexander Turnbull Library, Wellington, New Zealand

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 30

Title: Newspaper cuttings relating to the labour trade between Queensland and the New Hebrides

Date(s): 1890 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm; Digital PDF

Name of creator: Paton, John Gibson

Scope and content:

In 1892, Paton was Chairman of the Presbyterian New Hebrides Mission. He was a vigorous opponent of the Queensland labour trade. Newspaper cuttings relating to the labour trade between Queensland and the New Hebrides detailing, in particular, the iniquitous nature of the trade. The collection includes an open letter by Paton, Protest against the Revival of the Queensland Slave Trade, dated February 1892, to the Premier of Queensland, Sir Samuel Griffith, and Griffith's reply.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Australian Presbyterian Board of Missions, Sydney

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 32

Title: New Hebrides Journal

Date(s): 1893 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Paton, Frederick James

Scope and content:

The Reverend Frederick James Paton (1867-1941), son of the noted Presbyterian missionary, the Rev. Dr John G. Paton, was born at Aniwa, New Hebrides (Vanuatu). After being educated in Australia and serving there for a short time as a Presbyterian minister, the Rev. F.J. Paton returned to the New

Hebrides and spent most of the rest of his life there as a missionary. The journals give a day by day account of Paton's work as a missionary in the New Hebrides over a period of nearly 18 years. (See also PMB 33 for journals of his wife for 1903 - 1905).

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Australian Presbyterian Board of Missions, Sydney

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 50

Title: Papers

Date(s): 1927 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Robertson, William Torrie

Scope and content:

William Torrie Robertson was a planter at Big Bay and Hog Harbour, Espiritu Santo, (New Hebrides), Vanuatu. 1. Excerpt from Sydney Nichols Shurcliff's *Jungle Islands: The 'Illyria' in the South Seas*: Record of the Crane Pacific Expedition of the Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, New York, 1930, recording the expedition's visit to Robertson (1928-1929) and giving details of Robertson's career and labour recruitment practices. 2. Declaration made by Robertson regarding the February, 1927, inspection of Kerr Bros Ltd plantation at Turtle Bay, New Hebrides, of which Robertson was then manager. 3. List of unexpired time of labour signed on with C.G.F.H. at T.B, giving each labourer's name, village, island and date his/her contract expired. 4. Letters to Robertson from various correspondents.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mr Bill Robertson, Santo, (New Hebrides), Vanuatu

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 62

Title: A History of Henderson and Macfarlane Ltd

Date(s): 1840 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Hallett, L.

Scope and content:

Henderson and Macfarlane Ltd., one of Aotearoa/New Zealand's best-known firms, was founded in Wellington (then called Port Nicholson) in 1840 by two Scottish immigrants, Thomas Henderson and John Macfarlane. The company exported timber, mainly kauri, and established its own shipping line. In the 1870's, the company became interested in the Pacific Islands trade and established a number of trading stations and coconut plantations. These were sold to Burns Philp, Lever Bros., and the Pacific Islands Company in the first years of the 20th century. The unpublished history consists of 33 typewritten foolscap pages. It describes the establishment of the company, its Circular Saw Shipping Line and Pacific Island trade interests and mentions some well-known Pacific personalities such as Handley Bathurst Sterndale and 'Bully' Hayes; the 'siege' of the Suwarrow fort built by Sterndale and which he refused to leave after a difference of opinion with the company; Henry Mair's attempts to persuade Sterndale to leave and their subsequent 'smoking out' by Captain Fernandez of the schooner Kreimhilda who was sent to bring Sterndale back. Also mentioned is the 1890 Pacific cruise of Robert Louis Stevenson and his wife on the company iron-screw cargo boat Janet Nichol described in Mrs Stevenson's book published in 1915. The history takes the story of Henderson and Macfarlane down to the year 1902, by which time J.L. Young had entered the firm as a partner and the day of free and unrestricted trading in the Islands was ending. See also the Bureau's newsletter Pambu Oct. 1969:15 pp. 6-10.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mr A.E. Playle c/- Henderson & Macfarlane Ltd, Auckland, New Zealand

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 125

Title: Correspondence and diary of Ba Campaign

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: James, John Hall

Scope and content:

John Hall James, an Australian, was born in Richmond, Victoria, in 1848. He went to Fiji at the height of the cotton boom in 1866, took up land on Viti Levu, and returned to Australia eight or nine years later after a hurricane had destroyed his crops. He died in Melbourne in 1923. The correspondence, which covers the period 1870 - 1875, and the diary of the Ba Campaign, May 1873, give a vivid idea of the life and attitudes of a European planter in Fiji just before and just after Cession.

For further descriptions see *Transactions and Proceedings of the Fiji Society*, 1958-59, Vol.7, pp.73-89.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: (1972) Mrs L.P. Johnson, 35 Rowell Street, Camberwell VIC

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 137

Title: Papers relating to his expedition to the Pacific and Moluccas

Date(s): 1530 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel (No.3 of 6-reel set); 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Loaisa, Garcia Jofre de

Scope and content:

Please see PMB MS 135. The expedition of Garcia Jofre de Loaisa left Spain for the Moluccas (Maluku Islands, Indonesia) on 24 July 1525, to open up the spice trade initiated by the Magellan expedition. Patronato 38, Documents 9-18: Doc.9: 1538 - Petition for wages. Doc.10: 1538 - Recovery of monies due. Doc.11: 1538 - Petition for wages by negro slave Juan de Lasalde who served as a seaman. Doc.12: 1538 - Petition for wages. Doc.13: 1538 - Law suit re wages. Doc.14: 1538 - Law suit re wages. Doc.15: 1538 - Law suit re wages. Doc.16: n.d. - Law suit re wages. Doc.17: Toledo, 4 April 1539 - Law suit re wages of principal chaplain of expedition, Juan de Torres. Doc.18: 7 April 1537 - Law suit of an expedition pilot re wages. Patronato 39, Documents 1-3: Doc.1: Papers of Fernando de Loaysa, brother of Garcia including law suit for monies due; Garcia's appointment as Captain-General; Garcia's will; letters from Moluccas re fleet wages; declarations by witnesses and a logbook of Andres de Urdenata. Doc.2: Law suit re wages. Doc.3: 1541 - Law suit by heirs of fleet sailor (contd on PMB 138).

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Archivo General de Indias, Seville, Spain

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 138

Title: Papers relating to his expedition to the Pacific and Moluccas

Date(s): 1529 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel (No.4 of 6-reel set); 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Loaisa, Garcia Jofre de

Scope and content:

Please see PMB 135. The expedition of Garcia Jofre de Loaisa left Spain for the Moluccas (Maluku Islands, Indonesia) on 24 July 1525, to open up the spice trade initiated by the Magellan expedition. Patronato 39, Documents 3(cont.) -13: Doc.3: (continued from PMB 137). Doc.4: n.d. - Law suit and legal documents. Doc.5: 1541 - Petition of merchant for monies due and slave trading. Doc.6: 1541 - Law suit re wages. Doc.7: 1541 - Law suit re wages. Doc.8: 1541 - Law suit re wages. Doc.9: Valladolid, 7 July 15?? - Certificate of delivery of 2,000 ducats for spice trade and a receipt dated 12 October 1524. Doc.10: 1541 - Law suit re recovery of property Toribio Alonso de Salazar, Commander of fleet after Elcano's death, and who died in the Marianas. Doc.11: 1544 - Law suit against King's prosecutor re money. Doc.12: 1546 - Law suit re recovery of monies for construction of ovens to make biscuit and other food for fleet. Doc.13: 1548 - Law suit re wages (continued on PMB 139).

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Archivo General de Indias, Seville, Spain

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 154

Title: Miscellaneous correspondence

Date(s): 1927 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Burns Philp (South Sea) Company Ltd, Labasa Branch, Fiji

Scope and content:

The Labasa [Fiji] Branch of Burns Philp (South Sea) Co. Ltd. was established in 1920. The correspondence appears on the microfilm as follows: Savu Savu - 1927-33; Copra - 1934-43; *Tui Labasa* - 1936; War Service - 1939-44; Fiji Seamen's Union - 1946-56; Stevedoring Union - 1947-57; A.K. *Labasa* - 1949-50; Miscellaneous - 1953-59

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Burns Philp (South Sea) Co. Ltd., Levuka

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au.virtual.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 402 - 408

Title: Whalemen shipping papers

Date(s): 1840 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: New Bedford, Massachusetts, USA

Scope and content:

Please see PMB 402 for full entry. Papers for ships PLANTER to T. WINSLOW.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: New Bedford Free Public Library, New Bedford, Mass., 02740

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 420

Title: Correspondence

Date(s): 1892 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 3 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Green, John

Scope and content:

John Green, an Australian, went to Papua in 1892 and worked on a plantation at Kapadi for about fifteen months before joining the Administration staff of Sir William MacGregor, Lt-Gov. of British New Guinea (later Papua). He eventually became MacGregor's acting private secretary and accompanied him on some of his arduous patrols. After a patrol to the Musa River in September 1895, Green was assigned to build a government station at the junction of the Mambare River and Tamata Creek to protect European miners who were prospecting for gold in that area. Green was murdered at the station in January 1897. The letters, which are all to members of Green's family in Healesville, Victoria, begin in September 1892 when Green was in Cooktown en route to Port Moresby. Some of the letters are more than 100 pages long. They give a vivid idea of life in Papua when it was under British administration. See also Pacific Islands Monthly Dec. 1940, p.41; June 1941, p.30; April 1942, p.10 and the Bureau's newsletter Pambu July-Sept. 1972:28, pp.1-4

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: (1973) Mr J.G. Parkinson, Chadstone, Victoria

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 431

Title: Reminiscences

Date(s): 1837 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Tarte, James Valentine

Scope and content:

James Valentine Tarte (1837-1918) was born in England and migrated to Ballarat, VIC, Australia in 1857. He went to Fiji in 1869 and took up land on Taveuni where he remained until his death. Some of his descendants still have plantations on Taveuni (1972). The document is a duplicate typescript. The reminiscences were probably written by hand originally, but the whereabouts of a manuscript is not known. Nor is it known where the original typescript is. The last page(s) of the present copy are missing, and there is nothing to indicate exactly when the document was written. However, the author states on P.17 that he wishes he could 'put the clock back 50 years'; on p.13 he indicates that he was writing in Brisbane; and on p.30 he says; 'I am writing this for my two sons ...' It is an entertaining account of Tarte's early life in England, his journey to Australia, the early years of Ballarat, financial losses and departure for Fiji, his purchase of land on Taveuni and establishment of a cotton plantation, his marriage to Clara Berry in March, 1871 (the first European wedding in Fiji), his purchase of additional land and construction of a sugar mill, his venture into coffee and cattle, and the vicissitudes of plantation life.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mr J.V. Tarte, Taveuni, Fiji

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 467

Title: Miscellaneous papers, chiefly historical

Date(s): 1926 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Roman Catholic Mission Fiji

Scope and content:

See PMB MS 432, material relating to Roman Catholic Mission Fiji. The papers are: 1. Papers of Father L. Soubeyran, SM (a) What the Catholic missionaries and Church have done to evangelise the Indians in Fiji (1970) (b) The Fathers in the Past (1970) (c) Sixty Years in the Missions of Fiji and Rotuma (1965) (d) Translation of a paper on Rotuman Games written by Father J.B. Chevreuil, SM. (With the original version) (1967). 2. The Catholic Church in the Fiji Islands (c.1970) 3. History of Loreto (c.1970) 4. History of the Catholic Mission at Wairiki (1964) 5. Le Reverend Pere Jules Delahaye 6. The Seventh-day Adventists, by Father Y.M. Helliet, SM, (1955) 7. Rapport sur le terrain Na Somo Levu, Ile Vuaki, Yasawa, by Father Y.M. Helliet, SM (1926) 8. Rapport sur 'l'Histoire Religieuse de Fiji' par Mgr Blanc (author unknown) 9. Le Rev. Pere Pierre Marie Jouny, SM, l'Apotre des Niua 10. Marist Fathers who have worked in Fiji (several lists) 11. Historique de la Stations de Tunuloa 12. 'An Unusual Priest' (Father Claudius Lurkhur), by Father Denis Fitzpatrick

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Roman Catholic Archdiocesan Office, Suva, Fiji

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 482

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, John T.

Scope and content:

Please see PMB MS 480 for full entry. John T. Arundel Diary 1881 - 1887. During this period, John T. Arundel & Co were involved in guano mining and coconut plantations in Kiribati. See also reels PMB MS 14, 498.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 483

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, John T.

Scope and content:

Please see PMB MS 480 for full entry. Reel 1: John T. Arundel's Diary - 02/01/1888 - 01/04/1891; Reel 2: Diary - 01/04/1891 - 31/12/1892. During this period, John T. Arundel & Co were involved in guano mining and coconut plantations in Kiribati.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 484

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, John T.

Scope and content:

Please see PMB MS 480 for full entry. John T. Arundel's Diary 1893 - 1894. During this period, John T. Arundel & Co were involved in guano mining and coconut plantations in Kiribati. See also PMB MS 14, 498.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 485

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, John T.

Scope and content:

Please see PMB MS 480 for full entry. John T. Arundel's Diary 1895 - 1896. During this period, John T. Arundel & Co were involved in guano mining and coconut plantations in Kiribati. See also PMB MS 14, 498.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 486

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, John T.

Scope and content:

Please see PMB 480 for full entry. John T. Arundel's diaries as follows: Reel 1: Diary - 02/01/1888 - 01/04/1891; Reel 2: Diary - 01/04/1891 - 31/12/1892. During this period, John T. Arundel & Co were involved in guano mining and coconut plantations in Kiribati.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 487

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, John T.

Scope and content:

Please see PMB MS 480 for full entry. John T. Arundel's Diary 1899 - 1900. In 1897, John T. Arundel & Co merged its business with trading and plantation firm Henderson and Macfarlane. They formed the Pacific Islands Company Ltd (PIC), which was based in London with trading activities in the Pacific, particularly Kiribati. In 1902, PIC became the Pacific Phosphate Company and began phosphate mining on Banaba, Kiribati in 1901 and on Nauru in 1906. See also PMB MS 14, 498.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 488

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, John T.

Scope and content:

Please see PMB MS 480 for full entry. John T. Arundel's Diary 1901 - 1902. In 1897, John T. Arundel & Co merged its business with trading and plantation firm Henderson and Macfarlane. They formed the Pacific Islands Company Ltd (PIC), which was based in London with trading activities in the Pacific, particularly Kiribati. In 1902, PIC became the Pacific Phosphate Company and began phosphate mining on Banaba, Kiribati in 1901 and on Nauru in 1906. See also PMB MS 14, 498.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 489

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, John T.

Scope and content:

Please see PMB 480 for full entry. John T. Arundel's Diary 1903 - 1904. In 1897, John T. Arundel & Co merged its business with trading and plantation firm Henderson and Macfarlane. They formed the Pacific Islands Company Ltd (PIC), which was based in London with trading activities in the Pacific, particularly Kiribati. In 1902, PIC became the Pacific Phosphate Company and began phosphate mining on Banaba, Kiribati in 1901 and on Nauru in 1906. See also PMB MS 14, 498.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 490

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 3 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, John T.

Scope and content:

Please see PMB MS 480 for full entry. John T. Arundel's diaries from the Pacific, largely Kiribati and Nauru as follows: Reel 1: Diary, January - October 1905; Reel 2: Diary, October 1905 - 15 June 1909; Reel 3: Diary 17 June 1909 - 31 December 1910. In 1897, John T. Arundel & Co merged its business with trading and plantation firm Henderson and Macfarlane. They formed the Pacific Islands Company Ltd (PIC), which was based in London with trading activities in the Pacific, particularly Kiribati. In 1902, PIC became the Pacific Phosphate Company and began phosphate mining on Banaba, Kiribati in 1901 and on Nauru in 1906. See also PMB MS 14, 498

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 496

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1871-01-01 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm; 49 page digital PDF

Scope and content:

Farquhar, a farmer of Maryborough, Queensland, visited New Caledonia, the Loyalty Islands and New Hebrides (Vanuatu) in the schooner 'City of Melbourne' in November 1870 to January 1871 to recruit Pacific Islander labourers for himself and other farmers in Maryborough. He made a second voyage to New Caledonia, the New Hebrides and Banks Islands in the schooner Petrel in September 1871-January 1872 as a government agent under the Polynesian Labourers' Act of 1868. Description of the two voyages mentioned above.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Institution: James Cook University Address: 1 James Cook Drive, Douglas, Queensland 4811 Country: Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 518

Title: William Oliver, Yeoman', a narrative of the South Seas

Date(s): 1862 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Watson William Hugh (ed.)

Scope and content:

Watson (1899-) was born at Fife, Scotland. he went to the Cook Islands in 1930 after working in New Zealand and Australia. He established a firm of clothing manufacturers in Rarotonga which later became United Island Traders Ltd. He was a member of the Rarotonga Island Council for seven years, a member of the Cook Islands Legislative Council for six years, and a member of the Cook Islands Legislative Assembly from 1957 to 1960. Watson says in an introduction that William Oliver left Devonshire, England, to seek his fortune in Australia in the early 1860s. The narrative is 'an account of his adventures taken almost word for word from a diary kept between 1862 and 1892.' The narrative gives an informative account of life in Rarotonga and the Society Islands. The history of the diary is obscure, but is referred to in an article in the Pacific Islands Monthly for July 1936, p.30. Oliver died in the Cook Islands in 1906.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: (1974) Pacific Publications (Aust.) Pty Ltd

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 519

Title: 'White natives' (a novel)

Date(s): 1935 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Dashwood Robert Julian

Scope and content:

This book was written under the pseudonym, Julian Hillas, a name used by Dashwood over numerous articles and in two other books, a novel, *I Know An Island* (London, 1933) and an autobiography, *South Seas Paradise* (London, 1965). The author was born in England in 1899 and died at Mauke, Cook Islands, in 1970. He went to the Cook Islands in 1929 and became a trading store manager, having earlier been a schoolmaster in England, a farmer in South Africa, a rubber planter in Malaya, and a midshipman during World War I. He was prominent in Cook Islands politics, being renowned for shrewdness, incisive speeches and lively wit. An unpublished typescript novel of 182 pp. of single-spaced foolscap set in the Cook Islands. The title page indicates that it was written after *I Know An*

Island. There is also an author's note, written at Rakahanga, his home in the mid-1930s. The note reads in part as follows: 'To the atolls and islands of the Pacific the storm tides of Civilisation have brought many strange objects, and seeds of greed and disease, carried by the angry winds of Progress, have infected the peoples of Polynesia. The swan-song of a race is now being sung, and the tragedy lies, not so much in the singing, but that it is so often mistaken for a paean of praise of those responsible for the calamity. In *White Natives* I have held up a mirror to faces and places, which although fictitious in themselves, might easily find counterparts in almost any group of South Sea islands.' It is understood from Pacific Publications that Mr Dashwood sold the typescript to Mr W.H. Watson of Rarotonga for a case of bully beef and that many years later Mr Watson unsuccessfully submitted it to Pacific Publications for publication.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: (1975) Pacific Publications (Aust.) Pty Ltd

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 587

Title: Private correspondence

Date(s): 1898 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Solf, Wilhelm Heinrich

Scope and content:

Please see PMB 581 for full entry. Correspondence with private individuals (Continued from reel PMB 586): Gottlieb von Jagow, 1914-34; H. Knipping, 1900-04, 1920-30; Richard von Kuhlmann, 1912-17; Richard Kuenzer, 1912-35; Karl Max Lisknowsky, 1914-18; Emil Ludwig, 1916-18; Adolf-Friedrich Mecklenberg, 1913-16; Albrecht Mendelssohn, 1922-31; Friedrich Wilhelm Mohr, 1922-35; Anton Mentz, 1916-18; Walther Rathenau, 1911-18; Otto Riedel (manager of the Deutsche Handels-und Plantagen-Gesellschaft), 1905-26; Paul Rohrback, 1913-18; F. Rose, 1900-06; Friedrich Rosen, 1898-1932; Erich von Salzman, 1921-32; and E. Schmidt-Dergitz, 1899-1904. Note: Rose and Schmidt-Dergitz were Pacific specialists in the German Colonial Office. (Cont. on PMB 588)

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Institution: Bundesarchiv Address: Koblenz Country: Germany

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 625

Title: A prospector's diary, New Guinea 1931-1937

Date(s): 1931 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: O'Neill, John Davies

Scope and content:

O'Neill arrived in New Guinea in 1931 and was engaged in prospecting mainly on the Morobe goldfield. A typescript in diary form based on an original diary and letters concerning his period as a gold prospector. Ch. 1: To Edie Creek, and After Ch. 2: The Black Cat, and the Bittoi River Ch. 3: The Paradise Strip and a Touch of Slavery Ch. 4: The Ramu and the Purari Amongst the Warriors of the Long Bow Ch. 5: The Upper Watut - Kuka Kuka Country, Who Hunts What, with a club Ch. 6: The Lower Watut. River of Mustard Gold.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: PMB Member Libraries and sponsors of the Papua New Guinea Records Project, National Library of Australia, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 627

Title: Miscellaneous documents

Date(s): 1885 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Papua New Guinea

Scope and content:

The documents are: 1. Letters from Maximillian Mouton from Blanche Bay, 2 July 1885 and 18 March 1886 2. Letter from the Administrator of New Guinea, Brig.-Gen. Sir Walter Ramsay McNicoll, to W.C. Groves re Tench Island, 26 June 1934 3. Will of Hardy Darby, 17 February 1931 4. J.S. Horn - diary of a visit to inspect Robinson River plantation, 30 November 1932-22 January 1933 5. Rev. G.J. Platten - published articles and radio scripts, 1938-45 6. E.P. Holmes - notes concerning the move of the Administration from Rabaul to Lae in 1941. Written 1963-64 7. B.E. Weston - miscellaneous papers, 1935-40 8. G.E. Bliss - papers re School of Plantation Management and the harvesting and drying of copra, 1962 9. M.H. Wright - A New Guinea Journal: my five years as a patrol officer

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: (1991) Unknown

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 637

Title: Plantation inspection reports

Date(s): 1957 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Steamships Trading Company Limited

Scope and content:

The reports are of inspections made by the plantation managers of the following plantations in Papua owned or managed by the company: Baramata, Conflict Group, Doini, Epo, Mamai, Maua and Vaiviri, Rubberlands.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: PMB Member Libraries and sponsors of the Papua New Guinea Records Project, (1974) Steamships Trading Company Ltd, Port Moresby

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 638

Title: Diaries

Date(s): 1928 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Miller James A.

Scope and content:

Miller made several trips to Papua and New Guinea as a prospector and mining engineer in the 1920s and 1930s. Later he was manager of Baranata Plantation, Papua. The diaries relate to four mining trips to Papua as follows:

1928: 17 April - 18 October, Lakekamu River

1929: 26 November - 19 December, Lakekamu River

1931: 7 - 20 September, Mondo

1932: 23 February - 27 July, Misima

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: PMB Member Libraries and sponsors of the Papua New Guinea Records Project, (1974) A.L. De Lange, Port Moresby

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 642

Title: Industrial and agricultural reports

Date(s): 1920 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Lutheran Mission, Finschhafen, New Guinea

Scope and content:

Reports to the director of overseas missions, Lutheran Church of Australia, on the mission's plantations, boats, sawmill and store.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: PMB Member Libraries and sponsors of the Papua New Guinea Records Project, Evangelical Lutheran Church of New Guinea, Lae

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 645

Title: Reports, correspondence, documents

Date(s): 1914 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Lutheran Mission, Finschhafen, New Guinea

Scope and content:

Includes correspondence with the New Guinea Administration regarding native health, welfare and illegal labour recruitment; copy of Terms of Capitulation of German New Guinea, 17 September 1914 and the response of the Lutheran Mission; copy of A Survey of the Missionary Position in the Mandated Trust Territory of Papua New Guinea, with special reference to the Lutheran Missions, New Guinea by Rev. F.O. Thiele.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: PMB Member Libraries and sponsors of the Papua New Guinea Records Project, Evangelical Lutheran Church of New Guinea, Lae

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1002

Title: Thirty years in the South Seas: Two English translations

Date(s): 1907 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Parkinson R.H.R.

Scope and content:

Richard Parkinson (1846-1907) a German national of English descent, went to Samoa in 1878 to work for the trading company J.G. Godeffroy und Sohn. In 1879 he married Phoebe Coe, sister of Emma Coe (later known as 'Queen Emma') and joined 'Queen Emma' in New Britain in 1882. A successful coconut planter with botanical, entomological, ethnological and ornithological interests, he wrote *Dreissig jahre in der Sudsee: land und leute, sitten und gebrauch im Bismarck archipel und auf den deutschen Salomoninseln*, published in Stuttgart by Strecker & Schroder in 1907, the year of his accidental death. The published German original is widely available. Several unpublished English translations exist, among them the two microfilmed here. For further information see the Bureau's newsletter, Pambu Ser.3(3) 1989 and Ser.3(4) 1989. Reel 1: *Thirty years in the South Sea, the country and the people: habits and customs in the Bismarck Archipelago and on the German Solomon Islands*, by R. Parkinson ... 1907, translated from the German by H.A. Thompson (1922) (viii, 102 pp.). Contents page, author's preface, editor's preface, text parts I-VII, separately paged typescript with corresponding page number of the original typed in margins.

AND pp 1-515 of - *Thirty years in the South Seas: The Bismarck Archipelago, natives and customs*, by Richard Parkinson ... 1907, translated and edited by N.C. Barry, (n.d.) (1), 648, (10)pp. Typescript with contents page and unnumbered part IX in a typeface differing from the rest of the text. Part I = Part XI (Discovery and early history). Does not include prefaces. Corresponding page number of original pencilled at head of text.

Reel 2: N.C. Barry translation concluded. Pages 516 - 648, (10)pp.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: The Library, AIDAB Centre for Pacific Training and Development, Mosman, Sydney, NSW

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1009

Title: Samoa 1830-1900 drafts and research materials and Cook Islands, Fiji, French Polynesia, Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony (Kiribati), Niue and PNG

Date(s): 1830 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 9 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Gilson Richard P.

Scope and content:

Consists partly of Dr Gilson's drafts for Samoa 1839-1900 and partly of notes and documents relating to the Cook Islands, Fiji, French Polynesia, Gilbert and Ellice Islands, Niue and Papua New Guinea. The Cook Islands material, which is more extensive than the rest, is drawn from a wide variety of sources and includes Gilson's correspondence with Lionel Trenn and a document by Lionel Trenn regarding land tenure in the Cook Islands. The 1946 U.K. Secretary of State's dispatch on cooperative movements in the Pacific in F.14 is followed by a reprint of H.E. Maude's cooperative movements in GEIC (May 1950, South Pacific). See also PMB 1003. The contents are listed in condensed form below but the complete inventory appears on reel 1, with notes by PMB, and is available on request.

Reel 1: Preliminaries; files 1-2 The Politics of a Multicultural Community. Samoa 1830-1900, introduction, bibliography of Gilson, abbreviations, bibliography of book, miscellaneous correspondence on book; Chapters 1-6(2 copies)

Reel 2: file 2 cont. - file 3; Chs 7-12(2 copies)

Reel 3: file 3 cont. - file 4; Chs 13-16

Reel 4: file 4 cont. - file 8g; Chs 2, 13; revised footnotes; Vaisala Papers; Samoan educational texts 1948-50

Reel 5: file 8h - file 14; Samoan education texts cont.; papers presented at Hancock Seminar on British tropical dependencies, Institute of Commonwealth Studies, 1951; Proclamation re election of King of Samoa, 1888-9; notes on German administration; notes on Samoan social structure etc.; translation of Maretu's journal; Secretary of State, despatch on cooperative movements in Pacific, 1946

Reel 6: file 15 - file 24; Material on Papua/New Guinea includes press cuttings, statements, letter re land tenure; Miscellaneous material on GEIC, includes general notes, amendment to tax regulations no.11 1915, King's regulation on recruiting and employment of native labourers no.1 1915; annual report cooperative societies officer 1947/48/49; notes on French admin. in Oceania 1842-1903; bibliography/Society Islands; Material on Fiji, press cuttings and notes; American policy in tropics; South Seas Commission Conf. papers 1947; Tupper report on visits in HMS Pylades 1899; Cook Islands/notes re Journal of House of Reps (NZ) Series A3 1891-1931

Reel 7: file 24 cont. - file 29; Gilson's Cook Islands papers; notes on LMS material; official organisations; bibliography; NZ Parliamentary debates 1900-37

Reel 8: file 29 cont. - file 41; Cook Islands material; N.Z. official docs.; elections 1947-50; trade & industry; Lionel Trenn

Reel 9: file 42; Cook Islands land matters

. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Division of Pacific and Asian History, Research School of Pacific Studies, Australian National University, Canberra

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1015

Title: Miscellaneous papers relating to Fiji

Date(s): 1912 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 6 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Parham Wilfrid Laurier

Scope and content:

W.L. Parham (1900-1942) worked for the Fiji Department of Agriculture in central and eastern Viti Levu and for a short time in Macuata, Vanua Levu. He was the son of Charles and H.B. Richenda Parham. After schooling in New Zealand, he settled in Fiji in 1921. His family had a plantation at Nasau, Rukuruku Bay, Vanua Levu. Parham quickly learned Fijian and a great deal about Fijian farming methods. In 1931 he began work with the Department of Agriculture, Suva. Reel 1: Personal journal 1912-1920

Reel 2: Personal journal 1921-1926

Reel 3: Personal journal 1927; personal journal Jan.-Dec. 1932

Reel 4: Personal journal 1933; Scrapbook of clippings -- Reel 5: Notes towards a study of Fijian customs; W.L. Parham original stories and articles

Reel 6: A.H. Wilkie - An eyewitness account of the Wellington Mounted Rifles in the Middle East during WWI, 274pp.

NOTE: The Wilkie document was included in W.L. Parham's papers.

See also Reeve, Phyllis Parham, *On Fiji Soil: Memories of an Agriculturalist: based on the journals of W.L. Parham, 1918-1942* (Suva: Institute of Pacific Studies, 1989)

Conditions governing access: Available for reference - but no part of the contents may be reproduced or used in quotation without the written permission of Mrs Reeve.

Existence and location of originals: Mrs Phyllis Reeve, 3350 Coast Road, Gabriola Island, B.C. V0R 1X7, Canada
 Email: mail@pagesresort.com

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1018

Title: Correspondence re Papua

Date(s): 1920 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Strong, Walter Mersh

Scope and content:

Sixteen letters from Dr Walter Mersh Strong to Gladys de Groen, Alan de Groen's sister, about his Port Moresby domestic affairs and visits to Australia, one accompanied by Papua Medical College students. Others deal with the purchase of a tobacco plantation in 1934 from Beatrice Grimshaw,

Strong's period as Acting Lieutenant Governor (Feb-March 1936) and his time in ANGAU. There are also five letters from Alan de Groen containing his personal comments about his career in the Health and Treasury Departments and as Boarding Inspector. The last section of the microfilm includes photographs, press clippings and a short story. Part 1: 15 letters from Dr W.M. Strong to Gladys de Groen 1926-1944 including: references to the plantation 'MacDhui'; Government Gazette nos 1, 2, 4 and 5 (January 1936); enclosures from the National Geographic Society; references to Rigo Government Station and ANGAU.

Part 2: 8 letters from Alan and Nin de Groen to Gladys de Groen 1929-1941(?) mostly from Port Moresby, one from Daru and one during service with ANGAU.

Part 3: Gladys de Groen: photographs (unidentified); press clippings - obituary of H.A.C. Bunting; Sir Hubert Murray's report: evil spirits and gold exports; flying boats for PNG; Bulolo River floods; 'Strange stories series', unsigned manuscript, handwriting not that of Gladys de Groen (3p.)

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1021

Title: Correspondence re the British Solomon Islands Protectorate

Date(s): 1909 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm Digital PDF

Name of creator: Woodford, Charles Morris

Scope and content:

Woodford, the first Resident Commissioner of the British Solomon Islands Protectorate, established its postal services and designed the first postage stamp used there. The correspondence includes a 4-page history of the philatelic services of the Protectorate and mentions the design of the first postage stamp and its production. The film also includes correspondence of ERIC MONCKTON 1909-10, describing the establishment of a copra plantation at Ko Ko Nai in the Shortland Islands. The correspondence includes a sketch of his 'native' house and describes how it was built; his efforts in copra production and trading; recruitment of native labour both local and from Malaita; the trochus shell industry; his experiment in the timber trade and his daily life in general. Also mentioned is Eric's brother, Claude (H.C. Monckton) who put money into the Ko Ko Nai venture, and who later became Advisor on Native Affairs in Fiji. It was on Eric's estate that S.G.C. Knibbs, Commissioner of Lands for the Protectorate, did his initial surveys in the Shortlands, 1913-1914 (see Knibb's book, *The Savage Solomons as They Were and Are* (London: Seeley, Service & Co. Ltd., 1929, pp.115-116).

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: (1990) Mr Joel Bromberg, Brooklyn, New York & Mr D. Franks, Carshalton, Surrey, UK

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1022

Title: 'Some memories of life on Tanna and Norfolk Island'

Date(s): 1911 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Dean Ruth Mansel

Scope and content:

Mansel Dean (1914-) was born in the Paton Memorial Hospital, Port Vila, Vanuatu, the daughter of David and Winifred Griffiths. She spent her childhood on her parents' plantation at Lenakel, Tanna, where they also owned the store. Her family later moved to Norfolk Island where they owned a banana plantation. The contents include: - Mansel Dean's notes on her childhood years on Tanna, including references to local customs and her family life; - a photograph of her parents taken on Tanna; - copies of the birth certificates of herself and her sister Mary Winifred (the first white baby to be born on Tanna); - a letter written by her mother about Christmas on Tanna. Repeated attacks of malaria resulted in the sale of the Tanna copra plantation to Burns Philp. Shortly after their arrival on Norfolk Island a disease decimated the banana palms.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: (1990) Mrs R. Dean, 1/13 Belmont Ave., Kew VIC 3101

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1040

Title: The Fison Project - Various manuscripts and papers and press copy book: Sermons, articles and letters

Date(s): 1867 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Fison, Lorimer

Scope and content:

Please see PMB 1039 for full entry Item 1: Manuscript by Fison entitled Old Fiji containing notes on Fijian history and customs with descriptive anecdotes. n.d. 82pp

Item 2: Manuscripts in unidentified handwriting of biographical essays about South Seas missionary martyrs. 68ff, as follows:

A - Massacre of the Rev. Thomas Baker and party on Sunday 21st July 1867 at Gag dela Vatu Na Vosa, Viti Levu, Fiji. After 1867. 39ff. -- A(i) - Incomplete account in one handwriting, 20ff.

A(ii) - Complete account in two other hands, apparently the version of a planter and store owner who lived at the Rewa River mouth at the time of the massacre. 19ff.

B - John Coleridge Patteson. After 1871. 14ff.

C - Rev. John Williams. After 1889. 15ff

Items 1 and 2 are held by the Dixon Library

Item 3: Press copy book, Sermons, articles and letters, 1867 - 1873, held by the Mitchell Library

Conditions governing access: Available for reference but this microfilm cannot be supplied - or copies from it made for publication - without the consent of the holding institution.

Existence and location of originals: The Dixon Library and the Mitchell Library, The State Library of New South Wales, Macquarie Street, SYDNEY NSW 2000

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1046

Title: Diaries, correspondence and miscellaneous papers

Date(s): 1882-01-01 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 3 reel; 35mm microfilm; Digital PDF

Name of creator: Gray, William

Scope and content:

William Gray (1854-1937) was born near Gawler, South Australia. He obtained his BA from Adelaide Uni. and graduated in divinity from Union College in 1880, the first Presbyterian student to complete the course. He spent 1881, the year of his ordination, in medical training at Adelaide Hospital and as Minister to the congregations of Goodwood and Mount Barker. He married Elizabeth McEwen in 1882 and shortly after they sailed for Weasisi, Tanna, New Hebrides in the Dayspring. Gray was the first Presbyterian Church of South Australia missionary to the New Hebrides. He produced a grammar, primer, hymnal and translation of Luke's Gospel in the Tanna language. At the age of 71 Gray became head of the Smith of Dunesk Presbyterians Mission which later became the nucleus of John Flynn's Australian Inland Mission. See also PMB 1047 and 1048. The collection is divided into three parts. Part I - Personal Diaries (seven) (Please see PMB 1047 for diaries 1882-84) 1 September 1884 to 31 August 1885

1 September 1885 to 31 March 1887

1 April 1887 to 28 April 1889

1 May 1889 to 12 September 1891

12 September 1891 to 31 July 1893

1 August 1893 to 11 March 1898

Medical diary containing case notes, including his wife's confinements, 1882-94 Part II -

Miscellaneous Papers

1 - Diary of Andrew Gray, typescript copy, 1794-1816, 10pp; newspaper clipping ?1935 by J.D. Allan

Gray (grandson).

- 2 - Genealogy of the Gray family prepared by William Gray, 15pp handwritten and a 14-page typescript copy
- 3 - Photograph of Bishop John Gray with notes on reverse; brief history, 1p; photograph of William Gray's mother, Elizabeth Milne
- 4 - Marriage certificate of William Gray and Elizabeth McEwen, 1882
- 5 - Birth certificate of William Watt Erskine Gray, 1888
- 6 - Birth certificate of Winifred Nellie Turner, 1898
- 7 - Marriage certificate of William W.E. Gray and Winifred N. Turner, 1917
- 8 - Short history of William Gray on his death in 1937, handwritten (author unknown); press clipping from The Banner, article entitled 'A Bush Batism'
- 9 - 5 letters to William W.E. Gray, Winifred Gray and the S.A. Caledonian Society Inc. from William Gray re the disposition of books, manuscripts and papers, 1931, 1932 and 1937
- 10 - Brief history of Church's participation in mission fields in the New Hebrides, William Gray, 1936, 6pp
- 11 - Typescript article entitled 'Tanna', by William Gray, 3pp
- 12 - Typescript article entitled 'The New Hebrides, news from Tanna: A Natives' Conference' by William Gray, 5pp
- 13 - Account of the wreck of the Ferdinand de Lessops, by William Gray, handwritten, 10pp
- 14 - Notes by clerk of Synod on New Hebrides Mission Synod, 1882, 2pp
- 15 - Extracts from letters from British and Foreign Bible Society, 1895
- 16 - Extracts from Journal of Rev. Oscar Michelson, 1897, 10pp
- 17 - Notes from Minutes of New Hebrides Synod, 1899
- 18 - Typescript copy of letter written in English by Nuvau, a man on Tanna, dated June 29th 1932 to Thomas Watt, son of William Watt a missionary on Tanna for forty years, 1p
- 19 - 'Some Notes on the Tannese' in Internationales Archiv fur Ethnographie, Bd. VII. 1894, pp 227-241, illustrated. Reprint of article by William Gray, 1892
- 20 - 'William and Elizabeth Gray, Life on Tanna, New Hebrides' draft of a family history begun by William Watt Erskine Gray, incomplete, 1953
- 21 - Correspondence from Queensland re whereabouts of missing Kanakas Part III - Correspondence to William Gray

The correspondence has been arranged in alphabetical order by the owner. The correspondents are: Annand, 1894; Australian New Hebrides Company Ltd, 1894; Braithwaite G., 1882-88; British and Foreign Bible Society, 1896; Connell W., 1887; Copeland J., 1887; Cosh J. 1885-94; Cronstedt A., 1894; Forlong H., 1895-96; Fraser R., 1886; Freeman R., 1884; Goodlet and Smith Ltd, 1893-96 (for church at Aniwa); Gunn W., 1883-1902; Ingliss J., 1888; Johnson C.F.; Leggatt Watt F., 1887-94; Landel J., 1894; Lawrie J., 1894; Lyall J. and Lyall H., 1885-88; Macdonald D., 1884-85; MacKenzie J., 1888-1902; Macmillan T., 1894-1911; Martin A., 1894; Michelsen O., 1884-95; Milne P., 1884-95; Morton A., 1887; Murdo R., 1887; Murray C., 1886-87; Paton D., F. and J., 1882-94; Presbyterian Church of South Australia, 1894; Presbyterian Church of Victoria, 1894; Rolland N., 1894; Smaill T., 1894; Steel R., 1882; Watt Agnes, 1893-94; Watt W., 1887-1902 There are also 3 letters by the same correspondent whose name is difficult to read, E.J. Suraski?, written from Whitesand January/February 1886. The correspondent and another (Mr Collins?) were shot at by natives and their house broken into and robbed. William Gray offered refuge at his home if the correspondent was unable to get a ship to take him off. See reference to this incident in Elizabeth Gray's journal, PMB 1048. The last item is a letter signed by the Commander of the Raven, Frank Murphy?, 1887

Conditions governing access: Available for access but no part of the contents may be reproduced in any way without the written permission of Mrs Harvey

Existence and location of originals: Institution: State Library of South Australia Address: North Terrace, Adelaide SA 5000 Country: Australia Previously held by Mrs Audrey Harvey, Unit 49, 177 Badimara Street, FISHER ACT 2611. Tel: 06 2884229. Papers were deposited with State Library of South Australia in 1999.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1049

Title: Miscellaneous papers

Date(s): 1924 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 5 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Stanley, George Arthur Vickers

Scope and content:

G.A.V. Stanley (Uda Baroma) (b. Sydney, 1904), geologist, bibliographer and historian, went to Papua in 1927 and spent most of his life there until his death in October 1965. He graduated BSc from Sydney University in 1926 with first-class honours, a double major in geology and geography and a dissertation on the Jenolan Caves. He undertook postgraduate work in Ontong Java and the Solomons and participated in a University of Queensland survey of the Great Barrier Reef. He worked with a number of oil companies in Papua and New Guinea and was awarded the DSC for his war service with RANVR and the Far Eastern Liaison Organisation (FELO). He married Palu Hehuni and had two children, Artur and Anne. In 1962 he returned to Australia to work with the Bureau of Mineral Resources in Canberra. In 1965 he developed cancer and returned to Port Moresby where he died in October of that year. The material in this collection was left with a colleague in Canberra in 1965 and did not come to light until that colleague's death in 1989. The material on these five reels mostly relates to surveys undertaken for the Anglo-Persian Oil Company (APOC), Oil Search Limited (OSL) and the Australian Petroleum Company (APC). The collection consists of folders, notebooks, letterbooks and envelopes. Each has been given an Item number, a total of fifty-one. The material includes letters, reports, maps, equipment and stores lists, indigenous labour arrangements, photographs and other documentation related to geological survey work. A detailed guide has been prepared and is available on request from the Bureau.

Reel 1 Items 1-10

Reel 2 Items 11-19

Reel 3 Items 20-26

Reel 4 Items 27-42

Reel 5 Items 43-51 See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for access

Existence and location of originals: Institution: The Library, University of Papua New Guinea Address: National Capital District 134 Country: Papua New Guinea

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1052

Title: Sogeri Rubber Plantations Ltd: Minutes, directors' reports, annual reports, balance sheets and correspondence

Date(s): 1944 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Johnston, Edgar Lisle (Ted) & Johnston, Andrew Lisle

Scope and content:

These papers comprise the Papuan company records of Andrew Lisle Johnston (1912-1990) and his son Edgar Lisle Johnston (b.1940), managers and directors of Sogeri Rubber Plantations Ltd from 1936 to 1983 when it was sold. PLEASE NOTE THAT THE MATERIAL ON THIS REEL APPEARS IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER: -- Item 1. Minute Book of Sogeri Rubber Plantations Ltd, 1944-65 (frames 1-256)
Item 5. Minutes of Meetings, Annual Reports, Balance Sheets and Correspondence of Sogeri Rubber Plantations Ltd, 1983-81, pages 135-1
Item 4. Minutes of Meetings, Annual Reports, Balance Sheets and Correspondence of Sogeri Rubber Plantations Ltd, 1980-76, pages 189-1
Item 3. Minutes of Meetings, Annual Reports, Balance Sheets and Correspondence of Sogeri Rubber Plantations Ltd, 1975-70, pages 112-1
Item 2. Minutes of Meetings, Directors' Reports, Balance Sheets and Correspondence of Sogeri Rubber Plantations Ltd, 1969-61; 1959-57; 1946s; pages 86-1

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mr E.L. Johnston

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1054

Title: Correspondence, autobiographical memos, family certificates, miscellaneous papers and Sogerinumu magazine of Sogeri High School, maps and photographs

Date(s): 1934 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Johnston Family Papers

Scope and content:

These papers comprise the family records of Andrew Lisle Johnston (1912-1990), Mrs E.M. Johnston and their son Edgar Lisle Johnston (b.1940). The collection includes: letters from native employees, various family papers, and a large collection of photographs including many of plantation life and work from 1935 to 1977 The contents are:

1. 65 letters from native employees to A.L., E.L. or E.M. Johnston (81pp). The letters cover the period 1962 to 1977 and generally refer to employment on sogeri Estate or to problems which needed the assistance of the Johnston family. Many are in Pidgin and some in Motu. All have been individually annotated by E.L. Johnston with explanations and, where possible, identify the writer and circumstances.
2. A.L. Johnston's Autobiographical Memos (11pp) a: a memo by A.L. Johnston on the early years of the plantation compiled c.1985 b: a memo by A.L. Johnston How I spent by 60th Birthday 20th July 1972
3. Johnston Family Certificates (44pp) Birth, Marriage, Death, Medical, Medical Aid and Military Certificates; Commissioner for Declarations Certificates and associates Ordinance; A.L. Johnston's 1945 Demobilization Procedure Book and 1975 passport; E.M. Johnston's 1946 Civilian Identity Card
4. Miscellaneous material (88pp)
 - a: Newspaper clipping Lismore Couple to Return to New Guinea, The Northern Star, 3 April 1957
 - b: Newspaper clipping Armidale Girl Weds in Port Moresby Church, South Pacific Post, 22 December 1961
 - c: Notes on the Sogeri Plantation compiled by students of Sogeri High School
 - d: Papuan Agricultural Society's Annual Show, Sogeri Prize Schedule, 15 September 1958
 - e: Anniversary Race Meeting Programme, 4 June 1956, Boroko
 - f: Letter from Papua Turf Club to E.L. Johnston to appoint him Clerk of Scales, 7 October 1970
 - g: Airlinle Ticket Folder, 'Air Pacific', containing E.L. Johnston's ticket for his last flight to PNG
5. Sogerinumu: the magazine of the Sogeri High School - 1966 and 1967
6. Johnston Family Photographs and Map of the Environs of Sogeri
Map of Crown Lands and of the Occupation in the Environs of sogeri by T. Jackson Townsend of the Survey Office, Port Moresby, 12 July 1934. The map extends from Rouna Township to the headwaters of Eworogo Creek, and shows the boundaries and ownership of the rubber plantations
7. 480 photographs dating from 1935 to 1990 including many of work and life at Sogeri (128 of them are pre-1941, and some show Port Moresby).

Conditions governing access: Available for access

Existence and location of originals: Mr E.L. Johnston, PO Box 618, ARMIDALE NSW 2350

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au.virtual.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1057

Title: Research notes on the Gilbert Islands

Date(s): 1956 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35 mm microfilm Digital PDF

Name of creator: Maude, H. E. (Henry Evans), 1906-

Scope and content:

Educated at Cambridge, Harry Maude spent the years 1929-48 working as a civil servant and administrator in various Pacific Islands, in particular the British colony of the Gilbert and Ellice Islands. From 1948-57 he worked for the South Pacific Commission, following which he worked as a Research Fellow for the Australian National University Research School of Pacific Studies until 1971. He has published widely on aspects of Pacific Islands history and was a prime mover in the establishment of the Pacific Manuscripts Bureau. The bulk of his personal papers are held at the University of Adelaide Barr-Smith Library. A refined version of some of Professor Maude's research notes on the history of the Gilbert Islands has been published as, H.E. Maude (compiler), *The Gilbert Islands Observed*. A source book of European contacts with and observations of the Gilbert Islands and the Gilbertese, Adelaide, Homa Press, 2006; 148pp. Seven volumes of typescript and Ms research notes and transcripts relating to the history of the Gilbert Islands, microfilmed in the following order: Gilbert Islands (general) 1870-1879 Gilbert Islands (general) 1880-1889 Gilbert Islands (general) 1890-1899 Gilbert Islands (general) undated Gilbert Islands (general) to 1849 Gilbert Islands (general) 1850-1859 Gilbert Islands (general) 1860-1869 The documents in each file are arranged in chronological order. The notes were taken from such sources as the Archives of the Western Pacific High Commission and various newspapers. Interleaved is some of Maude's original correspondence relating to the Gilbert Islands. Topics covered in the notes include missions, the labour trade, copra, customs, trading activities, health, education, historical events, murders, Ocean Island and visits of ships.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Dr Alaric Maude, Parkdale, Adelaide, South Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1070

Title: Miscellaneous manuscripts

Date(s): 1903 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35 mm microfilm; Digital PDF

Name of creator: Cook Islands Library and Museum Society

Scope and content:

See notes for PMB 1065 and PMB 1067. 1. Diary of Charles Banks, Sept.-Dec. 1903 (continuation of PMB 1069). 2. Diaries of Robert Wigmore, owner of the Papua Plantation at Titikaveka, 1918, 1920, 1923, 1925 and 1926 (MS 52). 3. Te Akatauirā/Guiding Star, 1939. Printed news-sheet in Rarotongan and English. Edited by A.R. Henry.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Cook Islands Library and Museum Society, Rarotonga

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1074

Title: Papers

Date(s): 1913 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35 mm microfilm

Name of creator: Steadman, Hilda

Scope and content:

Hilda Steadman was the wife of Reverend W. Rex Steadman, who worked as a Methodist Minister in Fiji between 1912 and 1940. During their time in Fiji the Steadmans devoted themselves to working with the Indian community. Between 1912 and 1920 they were based at Navua, from 1920 to 1926 they ran the Indian Mission Church and Boys' School at Toorak (Suva), during 1926/27 they worked at Lautoka, after which they returned to Australia for five years. In 1932 they returned to Fiji and spent the next eight years at Rewa organising the Methodist Indian educational system. During her time in Fiji Hilda founded the Indian Women's Benevolent Society. In 1940 the Steadmans retired to South Australia. The papers include the following items: - letter by Hilda to her parents written from Naduri, Vanua Levu, 17/10/20 (10p.) - newspaper clippings, 1920-41 Indian work in Fiji, mss, 6p. - Navua, 1912, typescript, 3p. - The Rewa sojourn, t/s, 3p. - Medical work in Fiji, mss, 6p. - Welfare work among the women of Fiji, t/s, 5p. - Reminiscences of Mrs A.J. Small (wife of Methodist Missionary in Fiji) t/s 25p. - obituary for Mrs Steadman, 1975 - 214 photographs, 1913-40, depicting the following: the work of the Methodist Church in Fiji, students, colleagues, friends and family of the Steadmans, members of the Indo-Fijian community, scenes in various parts of Fiji. Most photographs are identified.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Institution: George Knight Library, Pacific Theological College
Address: Private Bag, Suva Country: Fiji

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly <https://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1075

Title: Papers

Date(s): 1883 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35 mm microfilm; Digital PDF (transcript)

Name of creator: Witts Family

Scope and content:

Maurice Myles Witts was born in Bombala, NSW in 1877 and died in Moss Vale, NSW in 1966. During 1899-1900 he worked for the Colonial Sugar Refining Co. in Fiji. In 1900 he enlisted in the Mounted

Rifles and fought in the Boer War, after which he was discharged as a Sergeant in 1902. In 1904 he moved to Espiritu Santo in the New Hebrides where he established a coconut plantation at Hog Harbour. In 1904 he married Mabel Herring (born Sydney, 1877) on Santo. The Witts returned to Australia about 1913. See PMB 1 and PMB 8 for diaries of Maurice Witts, 1905 and 1911. 1. Diary of Mabel Witts, 7 February to 4 November 1909. Describes daily life at Hog Harbour, including the birth of daughter Helen in October 1909.

2. Family correspondence, business and other documents, 1900-17, 1931, 1941, 1968. Includes personal and official letters, printed material and other papers documenting inter alia: Maurice Witts' work in Fiji, 1900; Boer War service, 1902; planting activities on Santo, 1905; membership of the Legion of Frontiersmen, 1906-7; marriage in 1907; appointment as a police constable, 1911; and purchase of property at Wyong, NSW, 1911. Also includes letters from Witts to daughter Betty, 1931 and wife Mabel, 1941 and a letter from a firm of Port Vila Solicitors to Mrs Betty Tyler of Moss Vale re the ownership of Lathu Island off Hogg Harbour, 1968.

3. Four family photographs: Mabel, c.1883 and c.1904; Maurice, 1956; and a group portrait of Maurice and two others, c.1905.

4. Printed map of Espiritu Santo with pencil annotations, n.d.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mr Grant Jones, 55 Melrose Mews, Medley Street, Chifley, ACT, 2606, Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1091

Title: Business and family papers re activities in the New Hebrides

Date(s): 1899 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm. Digital PDF.

Name of creator: Zeitler, Adolphus

Scope and content:

Adolphus Zeitler's family came from Germany to Australia from California in the 1850s. Zeitler married Lizzie MacLeod. The papers are mainly concern the firm Zeitler & Hagen. The correspondence is mainly from Adolphus and Lizzie Zeitler's plantation, Ringdove Bay, on Epi, New Hebrides. Correspondence includes many letters from Nicholas (Tiby) Hagen, and also letters from Les Mitchell, Steve d'Avera and R. J. Fletcher Correspondence-in, 1899-1933 -- correspondence-out, 1921-1931

ms and partial transcript of a diary kept by Lizzie and Adolphus Zeitler, 1919-1920

journal of the launch, *Overseas*, 1913-1915

formula book

notebook

personal, legal and medical documents

miscellaneous accounts

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mr C.T.Fletcher, 40 Franklin Road, Doncaster East, Victoria, 3109, Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1113

Title: Camohe: a history of four generations of the Carpenter family

Date(s): 1980 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm; Digital PDF

Name of creator: Melrose, Ray

Scope and content:

W R Carpenter & Company Limited was registered in Sydney in 1914. The company was founded by Walter Randolph Carpenter. He was subsequently joined by his brothers, J A and W H Carpenter and, still later, by his two sons, R B and C H Carpenter. The company was initially involved in shipping and trading island produce in Papua, including copra, cocoa, trochus, beche-de-mer and green snail shell. After 1920 it became involved in copra plantations in the Mandated Territory of New Guinea and extended its interests to the Solomon Islands, and the Gilbert and Ellice Islands. In 1938 it pioneered an air link between Sydney and Lae. After the War, in which Carpenters suffered heavy losses, the company was restructured as a holding company. In 1956, when R B Carpenter was Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Carpenter Group purchased the retail operations of Morris Hedstrom & Co in Fiji, Tonga and Samoa. This is a poor quality photocopy of the original, Ts., 97pp., given to the Bureau by Pepita Carpenter. Ch.1, Pioneering the Pacific, pp.1-3; Ch.2, The Costa Rica Packet, pp.4-7; Ch.3, Treasure in Trochus, pp.8-9; Ch.4, A Small Beginning and a Stumble, pp.10-13; Ch.5, The Company Regained, pp.14-16; Ch.6, Between the Wars – an Era of Expansion, pp.17-21; Ch.7, The Creative Years – Shipping, pp.22-25; Ch.8, The Creative Years – Aviation, pp.26-31; Ch.9, The Creative Years – Merchandising, pp.31-38; Ch.10, The Creative Years – The Plantation Industries, pp.34-38; Ch.11, Sir Walter – Thoughts and Theories, pp.39-45; Ch.12, Stranded in Canada, pp.46-50; Ch.13, The Ravages of War, pp.50-53; Ch.14, Gains and Some Losses, pp.54-59; Ch.15, A New Chairman – Growth Continues, pp.60-65; Ch.16, The Tradition Maintained, pp.66-70; Ch.17, The Pattern Changes, pp.71-79; Ch.18, Some Turbulent Years, pp.80-84. Appendix 1, Profit and Dividend History, pp.85-86; Appendix 2, A Brief History of the Major Elements of the W R Carpenter Group in Australia..., pp.87-91; Appendix 3, Extracts from correspondence between J M Hedstrom and W R Carpenter, 1920-1922, following takeover of W R Carpenter & Co Ltd by Morris Hedstrom Ltd, pp.92-97.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Person: Pepita Carpenter Address: Dural, NSW Country: Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1119

Title: Personal papers, including records relating to the Kerema Welfare Society and the Pangu Pati, 1949-1981.

Date(s): 1949 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Sir Albert Maori Kiki (1931-1993)

Scope and content:

Sir Albert Maori KIKI (1931-1993) was a foundation member of the PANGU Pati and its first General Secretary. After independence he held the positions of the Minister of Lands, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Defence, Foreign Affairs and Trade. The papers document some of his early industrial and political activities, including his involvement with the Kerema Welfare Society and in the formation of the PANGU Pati. They also evidence Sir Maori's concern with issues of social justice and equality for Papuans and New Guineans. His correspondence also documents aspects of Maori Kiki's private life, such as a land dispute with the Catholic Church and his love of Rugby Union. Papers relating to the Kerema Welfare Society, PNG Workers' Association and other industrial organisations, 1959-1974.

Papers relating to the formation of the PANGU Pati, including drafts of its constitution and party platform, press statements, press cuttings, seminar papers and student magazines, 1967-68.

PANGU Pati papers, including executive records, 1975-81.

Correspondence of Cecil Abel concerning formation of the PANGU Pati and other matters, 1966-1967.

Correspondence of Sir Albert Maori Kiki, 1949-78.

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for Reference

Existence and location of originals: Lady Elizabeth KIKI, P.O. Box 1739, Boroko NCD, Papua New Guinea

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1121

Title: Archives

Date(s): 1902 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 10 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Levers Pacific Plantations Pty Ltd / Lever Solomons Ltd

Scope and content:

Levers Pacific Plantations Ltd was incorporated in England on the 20 May 1902 to acquire coconut properties in the Pacific region with the objective of ensuring a supply of copra to the oil mill of Lever Bros Ltd at Balmain in Sydney. The practice of shipping copra direct to Balmain continued until 1971 when crushing at Balmain ceased, after which the company sold its total production through the Solomon Islands Copra Board. Levers Pacific Plantations Pty Ltd was incorporated under the NSW Companies Act on 8 November 1928 when it acquired the assets of the original company. Levers Plantations Limited was incorporated under the Solomon Islands Companies Act on 30 December 1975 as a private company limited by shares. The name was changed to Lever Solomons Limited on 29 January 1980 when it was incorporated as a joint venture Company between the Solomon Islands Government and Unilever. Levers Pacific Plantations Ltd/Lever Solomons Ltd: legal papers re land, 1902-1986

Managing Director's report on Solomon Islands Estates, 1941

Kolombangara Cocoa Project, 1954-1955

annual reports, 1961-1971, including coconut acreage in production, 1972-1976

Managing Director's month-end reports, 1961-1967

briefing papers, handover reports & notes for visitors, 1974-1989

development plans, 1978-1994

annual estimates, 1982-1992

negotiations and agreements with the Solomon Islands National Union of Workers, 1982-1986

land surveys, Pavuvu, 1964-1977

and Directors' minutes, 1980-1985. Levers Pacific Timbers Ltd: files on the Kolombangara Forest area, 1962-1979 and industrial negotiations, 1982. Banika Club, constitution and visitors' book, 1952-1992.

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Closed till 2044 (except in special circumstances). Readers wishing to request access to this material should write to Unilever Archives and Records Management C/O Unilever R&D, Quarry Road East, Bebington, Wirral CH63 3JW United Kingdom. archives@unilever.com

Existence and location of originals: Russel Islands Plantations Estates Ltd, Yandina, Solomon Islands.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1123

Title: Manuscripts, pamphlets and press cuttings relating to Rev. William Gray

Date(s): 1884 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm; Digital PDF

Name of creator: Gray, William

Scope and content:

William Gray (1854-1937) was born near Gawler, South Australia. He obtained his BA from Adelaide University and graduated in divinity from Union College in 1880, the first Presbyterian student to complete the course. He spent 1881, the year of his ordination, in medical training at Adelaide Hospital and as Minister to the congregations of Goodwood and Mount Barker. He married Elizabeth McEwen in 1882 and shortly after they sailed for Weasisi, Tanna, New Hebrides in the *Dayspring*. Gray was the first Presbyterian Church of South Australia missionary to the New Hebrides. He produced a grammar, primer, hymnal and translation of Luke's Gospel in the Tanna language. At the age of 71 Gray became head of the Smith of Dunsek Presbyterian Mission which later became the nucleus of John Flynn's Australian Inland Mission. See also PMB 1046, 1047 and 1048. Rev Gray's manuscripts, pamphlets and press cuttings on the labour traffic; copies of some annual reports of the Queensland Kanaka Mission and the Queensland Department of Pacific Island Immigration; pamphlets by J G Paton, A C Smith and J Inglis 1915; William Watt Erskine's recollections of his childhood on Tanna, lantern slides and photographs of missionary life in the New Hebrides, 1880s.

See reel list for further details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Transferred by Mrs Audrey Harvey, Rev William Gray's grand daughter, to the Mortlock Library in the State Library of South Australia in 1999. The three volumes of press cuttings collected by Rev Dr David Crombie held by Rev Graham Miller, Wangaratta VIC

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1131

Title: Business correspondence, 1915-1919, accounts and wages books, 1935-1943

Date(s): 1915 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Ussher, J., (planter, Nguna, New Hebrides)

Scope and content:

J. & N. G. Ussher were English planters who arrived in the New Hebrides in 1909. According to Patrick O'Reilly's *H,bridais*, they held a good plantation of 2,300 coconut palms at Nguna. Correspondence-out re stores and provisions, Mar 1915-Sep 1919.

Accounts and balance sheets (possibly of NJ Ussher or W Anderson), 1935-1941.

Wage book and copra production statistics (possibly NJ Ussher or W Anderson), 1939-1943.

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: RESTRICTED ACCESS. Researchers wishing to have access to this title must have the written permission of the National Archivist, National Archives of Vanuatu, PO Box 326, Port Vila, Vanuatu.

Existence and location of originals: National Archives of Vanuatu

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1139

Title: Papers relating to Levers Pacific Plantations Limited and related companies.

Date(s): 1894 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 4 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Meek, Joseph

Scope and content:

Joseph Meek was Chairman of Lever Bros Australia Ltd and Managing Director of Lever's Pacific Plantations Ltd, 1903-1924. An enthusiastic supporter of the copra industry in the Pacific, Meek purchased 51,000 acres of freehold land in the Solomon Islands for Lever's Pacific Plantations Ltd from Captain O. Svenson in 1905 for copra growing. Correspondence with Lord Leverhulme, J.L. Tillotson, Charles Woodford, and others, and related papers, 1904-1927

Reports, 1897-1926, including Fulton & Greenhalgh's Reports on Island Properties and Trading Stations, 1902, and Captain Langdale's Report to the Pacific Islands Company on the Rob Roy Expedition to the Solomon Islands, 1900

Incorporation documents of Lever Bros Ltd, 1894, & Lever's Pacific Plantations Ltd, 1902

Financial records, Lever Bros Ltd, Sydney, 1923-1924, Lever Bros Ltd, London, 1925-27

Solomon Islands plantations, copra production, rainfall statistics and maps, 1905-1926

Agreements & other legal documents re occupation & purchase of Solomon Islands lands, 1905, & artificial growing of pearls, 1924

Lindenhafen Estates, Limited, Sydney, reports, accounts and press cuttings, 1919-1927

Buka Plantations & Trading Co Ltd, accounts, 1919-1927

Planting Limited, Memorandum & Articles of Association, 1923, & accounts, 1924-1926

Photographs, illuminated addresses and publications.

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for reference but no part of the contents of this microfilm may be reproduced or used in quotation without the written permission of the Corporate Archivist, Unilever Archives and Records Management, C/O Unilever R&D, Quarry Road East, Bebington, Wirral CH63 3JW United Kingdom. Email: archives@unilever.com

Existence and location of originals: Lever Rexona Library, North Rocks, Sydney, Australia.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1150

Title: Correspondence

Date(s): 1890 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 5 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: South Sea Evangelical Mission, formerly Queensland Kanaka Mission

Scope and content:

Florence Young commenced mission work among indentured labourers from the Solomon Islands and Vanuatu (New Hebrides) on her brothers' sugar plantation and mill, Fairymead, near Bundaberg in Queensland, in the early 1880s. Steeped in the beliefs of the Plymouth Bretheren and influenced by the English Keswick Convention, members of the Young, Deck and Grant families established the Queensland Kanaka Mission in 1886 and extended it to various centres along the Queensland coast. Converts of the QKM returned to the Solomon Islands and Vanuatu at the turn of the century, among them Peter Ambuofa of North Malaita who appealed to the QKM for help. Two men from Queensland, Charles Pillians and Peter Schwiebert, came in response. Both died of malaria. Subsequently, in 1904, the QKM formed a Solomon Islands Branch and established a principal station at Onepusu on the west coast of Malaita in 1905. The Mission changed its name to the South Sea Evangelical Mission in 1907. Its activities were extended to Guadalcanal, Makira and Rennell Island and, after World War II, it commenced operations in the Sepik region in the Territory of New Guinea. (See John Garrett, *Footsteps in the Sea: Christianity in Oceania to World War II*, 1992; pp.82-87.) General correspondence, 1890-1925, and Island Council matters, 1928-1950; together with letters-in from the following missionaries: Frederick Daniels, 1911; Jessie Deck, 1911; A. Hedley Abbott, 1913; Violet Sullivan, 1916-1941; Norman Deck, 1917-1942; Robert & May McBride, 1920-1941; M. Clark, 1924; H. J. Waite, 1924-1941; Miss Drummond, 1927-1931; Alan Niel, 1927-1938; Lilian Drewett, 1927-1937; David Humphries, 1927-1932; Lily Waiti, 1929; Mr MacDonald, 1929; Dorothy Read, 1929-1938; John M. Bee, 1930-1934; Robert Vance, 1930-1937; Ken Griffiths, 1930-1938; Joan Deck, 1930-1940; Andrew Cowie, 1937-1941.

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Centre for the Study of Australian Christianity, Menzies College, Macquarie University, Sydney (PO Box 1505 Macquarie Centre, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIA)

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1152

Title: Personal papers, speeches, writings and records of Fiji sugar

Date(s): 1936 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 5 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Patel, Ambalal Dahyabhai

Scope and content:

A prominent Indo-Fijian lawyer and politician, A. D. Patel was born in Gujarat and educated at the Gujarat College in Ahmedabad. After a period at the London School of Economics, Patel graduated as a barrister in London and proceeded to Fiji in 1928 where he set up a legal practice in Suva. In the 1930s he moved to Ba and then Nadi, where he remained for the rest of his life. Patel was elected President of the Fiji Indian Congress and the Indian Association in 1930. He and his friend Swami Rudranandra were principal leaders of the growers in the 1943 sugar strike in Fiji. Patel was a member of the Fiji Legislative Council 1944-1950 and 1963-1969. He married Patricia Seymour in 1934 but the couple separated in 1934 and were divorced in 1943. In 1943 Patel married Leela Ben, the daughter of Professor B. N. Patel. (Reference: Brij V. Lal, *A Vision for Change: A D Patel and the Politics of Fiji*, 1997.) Papers held by Mrs Patel: general documents, mainly letters, some speeches and leaflets, 1936-1970; personal files as a member of Parliament; letters of condolence to his family on his death; two of his early notebooks; an album of photographs and letters compiled by his first wife, Patricia; case files compiled for his representation of Banabans at the United Nations, 1968-69; and working papers for the Fiji Parliamentary Committee on the Agricultural Landlord and Tenant Act, 1969. Papers held by Professor Lal: a complete set of A. D. Patel's speeches and writings, a file on the 1943 sugar strike in Fiji, compiled by Swami Rudrananda, and a set of the key Fiji sugar industry inquiry reports and awards, 1945-1970. See reel list for further details.

Conditions governing access: Restricted access. Researchers wishing to access these papers should write to Professor Brij V. Lal, CAP, Australian National University, Canberra ACT 0200, Australia.

Existence and location of originals: Papers held by Mrs A D Patel, Nadi, Fiji and by Professor Brij V. Lal, CAP, Australian National University, Canberra.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1157

Title: Collection of photographs and theatre, dance and sports programmes relating to Banaba (Ocean Island)

Date(s): 1909 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Miller, Frank (1920-)

Scope and content:

Frank Miller was born on Banaba in 1920. His father, John Robert Miller, was employed as a carpenter, and later as a Foreman of Works, at Banaba from 1908 till 1939, with a break to serve with the First New Zealand Regiment during World War I. His mother, Beatrice Amy Miller, lived on Banaba from 1918 till 1939. His sister, Joy Miller (Mrs Talyor) was employed in the British Phosphate

Commission office on Banaba. John Miller designed and built the Alexandra Theatre on Banaba where he and Beatrice Miller performed in many productions. He was also the first licensee for the film theatre at Nauru.

☐ Banaba / Ocean Island theatre, dance and sports programmes and related memorabilia, 1908-1939

☐ "Banaba" photograph album holding photographs of Banabans, Europeans, the Miller family and British Phosphate Commission operations, 1909-1939.

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Mr Frank Miller, Bribie Island, Queensland

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1162

Title: War diary, patrol reports and personal papers, Papua New Guinea

Date(s): 1936 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Brown, Gerald F. X.

Scope and content:

Gerald Brown took employment in Port Moresby in 1936 working first in the Burns Philp butchery and freezer department and later as a clerk in the Lands Department. He was appointed Patrol Officer by the Papuan Administration in 1937. Gerald's brother, Jack, was a Medical Assistant at the same time in Papua. Jack Brown later qualified as a doctor and practised in PNG. Gerald married Marjorie Kathleen Thom in Port Moresby on 31 January 1940. Their daughter, Helen, was born in February 1941. Both she and her mother were evacuated south in November 1941. Gerald was transferred into ANGAU and patrolled in Popondeta, Awala, Ilimo and Kokoda in March 1942. He was appointed Warrant Officer at Rigo in July 1942 and later promoted to Captain. He was at Awala in Aug 1942 when the Japanese landed there and was hospitalised in Port Moresby in September with malaria and malnutrition after 42 days in the mountains. When civil administration was restored in PNG the family were reunited and Gerald resumed duty as an Inspector of Native Labour attached to the Headquarters of the newly formed Department of Labour in Madang. He was New Britain District Labour Officer based in Rabaul from March 1948 till December 1949. From July 1950 till January 1951 he was New Ireland District Labour Officer based in Kavieng. In 1951 Gerald was appointed senior Inspector of Labour in the Morobe District based in Lae and residing at Malahang nearby. The family remained in Lae where Helen contracted polio in 1958 and moved south with her mother. In 1959 Gerald was posted to Port Moresby where his wife, Marjorie joined him in 1960. Helen returned to Port Moresby in 1964 where she worked as a clerk in the Departments of Health and Trade & Industry. Gerald retired in May 1965 and moved south with Marjorie to the Central Coast of

NSW. Gerald Brown's wartime papers, including his diary written at Popengetta, Awala, Ilimo and Kokoda, 21 Mar-27 Jul 1942. Brown's personal files which include a copy of his report of his patrol in the Chirima Valley, Jun 1942, Dobuduru inspection reports, plantation and native labour surveys, Dec 1944-Jan 1945, Brown's first monthly report from Dobuduru, Feb 1945, and many other documents relating to labour matters in PNG as well as Brown's own career in the TPNG Department of Labour as an Inspector of Native Labour, 1946-1965. Brown's correspondence with his brothers, Jack Brown, Medical Assistant, PNG, and Dermot Brown, 1936-1952. Photographs taken in Port Moresby, Rabaul, Kavieng, Malahang and Lae, 1937-1965. See reel list for further details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mrs Helen Tracy, Beehive Park, Sodwalls NSW 2790

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1174

Title: J.t. Arundel & Company and Pacific Islands Company Limited, Australian Office correspondence files

Date(s): 1892 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 8 ; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Arundel, Jt & Co

Scope and content:

John T Arundel, son of a LMS official, was born in England in 1841. His early work for a London firm with interests in guano, or phosphate, took him into the Pacific. By 1892 Arundel had formed his own company, J T Arundel & Co, which had acquired concessions over a number of islands in what is now Kiribati - Kanton, Enderbury, Gardner, Hull, Flint and Manra (Sydney) - to plant coconuts, make copra and mine phosphate. The Pacific Islands Company Limited (PIC) was formed in May 1897 and, in 1898, took over plantations and trade stores of Henderson & McFarlane Ltd in the mid-Pacific. Lord Stanmore, formerly Sir Arthur Gordon, the first Governor of Fiji and High Commissioner for the Western Pacific, was Chairman of the PIC. Arundel became its vice-chairman. PIC business interests stretched from Mexico to Fiji, with ready markets for copra and phosphate in New Zealand, Australia, the USA, Japan and the UK. In 1902 the PIC divested itself of all non-phosphate interests and merged with the Jaluit Gesellschaft of Hamburg, forming the Pacific Phosphate Company Limited (PPC). This new company was granted exclusive rights to mine phosphate on Banaba and Nauru. Phosphate mining ushered in an era of ruthless colonial resource exploitation that effectively dispossessed the indigenous peoples of these islands who were paid minimum annual royalties while the company made millions of pounds in profit. This correspondence documents the early corporate history that eventually led to the environmental devastation of both islands, the diaspora of Banabans to Rabi in Fiji and elsewhere, and the near-bankruptcy of Nauru. Presscopy letter-books of outward letters from George C Ellis, A F Ellis, H E Denson and J T Arundel of the Australian Office of J T Arundel & Co and the Pacific Islands Co Ltd to business associates mainly in the UK, Australia, New Zealand and the Pacific. Some indexed by subject and/or addressee. All arranged chronologically. See also PMB 1175

& 1176, Pacific Islands Co Ltd & Pacific Phosphate Co Ltd, London and Australian Offices, and PMB 480-495,497-498, for diaries, correspondence and further papers of J T Arundel and A F Ellis. See reel list for further details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: MP1174/1, Melbourne Office, National Archives of Australia, PO Box 8005, Burwood Heights Victoria 3151, Australia.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1176

Title: Correspondence files

Date(s): 1897 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: Reels 1-22; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Pacific Islands Company Limited and Pacific Phosphate Company Limited, Australian Office

Scope and content:

See PMB 1174 and 1175 for administrative history of the Pacific Islands Co Ltd and the Pacific Phosphate Co Ltd. PIC/PPC, Sydney, letter books (letters-out), Gen. 1-12, Sep 1898-Jul 1906; J T Arundel (Sydney) letter books, Pvt. 1-4, Feb 1899-Mar 1905; Letter books, Islands 1-3, Sep 1898-Jun 1902; Letter books, JM & Co, Aug 1896-Mar 1903; Letter books, PI Co General 2 & 3, Oct 1900-Aug 1905; Letter books, PI Co Agency 1, Jun 1903-May 1905. Letter book, PP Co Insurance, Jul 1904-Jun 1906; PPC Sydney, Reports by J T Arundel, Nos.1-174, Mar 1903-Nov 1909; Letter book re purchase of Ralum property from E E Forsyth, 1900-1905; Letter book, Ocean Is. 1, Oct 1904-Jun 1906; Letter book/journal, Arthur C Bell, Supercargo, Emu, Jul-Sep 1900; Levers Pacific Plantations Ltd (inclu. Henderson & Macfarlane, Flint Island, etc.) reference file, 1897-1903; Copy Suwarrow Island diary, May-Jul 1902. See Finding aids for details. See also PMB 1174 & 1175, 1205-1207, J.T. Arundel & Co, Pacific Islands Co Ltd & Pacific Phosphate Co, and PMB 480-495, 497-498, for diaries, corresp. & further papers of J.T. Arundel & A.F. Ellis.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: MP1174/1, Melbourne Office, National Archives of Australia, PO Box 8005, Burwood Heights Victoria 3151, Australia.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1177

Title: Archives, 1920s-1974. Microfilms made by Jerry Leach.

Date(s): 1920 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Losuia District Administration, Kiriwina, Trobriand Islands, Papua New Guinea

Scope and content:

While carrying out fieldwork in the Trobriand Islands for his doctoral dissertation, the anthropologist Jerry Leach (producer and narrator of the renowned ethnographic film *Trobriand Cricket*) surveyed and microfilmed important archives kept in the archipelago's main centre, Losuia. These records were drawn upon for Dr Leach's research on the Kabisawali Movement, which had emerged in 1972 in opposition to the last years of Australian colonial rule. Kabisawali promoted Trobriand control of their own economic and political affairs. Between 1972 and 1977 Kabisawali opened and operated trade stores and invested in copra, transportation and tourism. While it enjoyed political support and some economic success through the mid to the late 1970s, the movement as a whole had gone into decline by 1980. However, its legacy was significant, reflected in changes such as the decision to abolish the Kiriwina Local Government Council in 1990 and replace it with a Kiriwina Community Government that includes a chamber of traditional chiefs (see *PMB 1165* for further details). While most of these papers do not directly concern the Kabisawali movement they do provide an historical context for understanding the formation of Kabisawali. As Leach wrote in 1982 (287-288) '*For over eighty years, a set of islands made up of relatively or potentially self-sufficient units without overall organisation or a socio-economic centre have been undergoing uneven centralization*'⁽¹⁾ These papers help document these historical processes. Dr Leach selected documents as they related to his research interests. The photographs are 35mm negatives from a Pentax Spotmatic spliced together into rolls. Lighting conditions were far from ideal so some of the exposures are hard to read. Most of these papers are district and local government administrative records. They include annual reports along with files on taxation, chiefs, health, censuses, statistics, patrol reports, mission relations, World War II, village councils and the Kiriwina LGC, cricket, court cases, education, and village constables and officials. See also *PMB 1165*.

(1) Source of quote: Leach, Jerry W. 1982. 'Socio-historical conflict and the Kabisawali Movement in the Trobriand Islands'. In Ron J May (ed) *Micronationalist movements in Papua New Guinea* Department of Political and Social Change, RSPAS, ANU. Canberra. pp.249-289.
See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Some papers since lost or destroyed. The master negatives of the microfilm are held by Dr Jerry Leach, Virginia, USA

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au.virtual.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1178

Title: Monthly and quarterly reports and related papers

Date(s): 1939 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm Digital PDF

Name of creator: Sepik District Administration, Papua New Guinea

Scope and content:

Laurie Bragge, who was a Patrol Officer in New Guinea from 1961, was posted to the West Sepik District from time to time where he collected these documents. Aitape District patrol reports, 1944-45; Sepik District and Sub-District monthly and patrol reports, 1945; Aitape District Office and Sub-District monthly reports, native labour report, sing-sing report, 1945-46; Aitape Sub-District monthly and quarterly reports 1946-57; Vanimo Patrol Post monthly and quarterly reports, 1946-62; Aitape Sub-District correspondence, 1945-48; notations from Aotei Village Book, 1939-45; miscellaneous printed material. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Mr Laurie Bragge Koetong, Victoria, Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au.virtual.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1183

Title: Biography of Edwin James Turpin, an earlier settler in Fiji, 1971

Date(s): 1881 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Diamond, A.I. (1924-)

Scope and content:

Ian Diamond, was born (Jun 12, 1924) and raised in Adelaide. After completing war service, he enrolled at the University of Adelaide in 1948 where he graduated with a Masters degree in 1954. From 1958-1971 he was archivist with the Fijian colonial administration and the Western Pacific High Commission, eventually becoming Head of the National Archives of Fiji. In 1971 Diamond moved to Hong Kong as archival adviser to government. He was appointed Head of the Hong Kong Public Records Office and remained in that position until 1985 when he returned to Australia and retired in Adelaide. In these papers Diamond chronicles the life of Edwin James Turpin (1842-1917) an early British settler in Fiji. Edwin Turpin was born in Devonshire, England on 7 Nov 1842. Variousy described as a settler, planter, lawyer and beachcomber, Turpin migrated to Fiji in 1866 where he initially prospered as a land agent during the Fijian cotton boom of the late 1860s/early 1870s. In 1872, however, Turpin's prosperity began to unravel following the rejection of his application for admission to the Fijian Bar Association. With the end of the cotton boom, Turpin went from one job to the next with brief attempts to establish himself in business as a planter and hotelier. By 1886 massive debts had forced him and his family into bankruptcy. Turpin and his family lived in extreme poverty. He was frequently in court over disputed debts and at times faced near starvation. Despite these pressures, Turpin wrote articles and short stories for Fijian newspapers, gazetteers and

almanacs. In 1901 or 1902 Turpin and his second wife May Lempiere moved to Auckland where they stayed until 1912. Turpin continued to make plans to return to Fiji, but never did so. In 1912 Turpin and his wife moved to Sydney. Turpin died there intestate on 31 May 1917. Mary Lempiere survived him by four years and died in February 1921. A I Diamond, Edwin James Turpin, unpublished manuscript, Ts., 36pp, 1971. A I Diamond, *The Search for Edwin Turpin*, reprinted from *Transactions and Proceedings of the Fiji Society of Science and Industry*, Vol. 10, 1964 & 1965. Composite photograph of portraits of European settlers, including Edwin Turpin, from the *Cyclopaedia of Fiji*, and enlargement of photograph of Edwin Turpin. Photograph of Waimanu River, tributary of the Rewa River. Hotel at junction with Nausori Mill in the background, 1881, and enlargement.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mr Ian Diamond, Campbelltown, South Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1184

Title: Papers relating to plantations in Wuvulu, Bougainville and Buka, Papua New Guinea

Date(s): 1923 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 7 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Archer, Fred Palmer

Scope and content:

Fred Palmer Archer was born in Melbourne in 1890 and died in 1977. He was with the first Australian Imperial Force, came to New Guinea in 1923 and later took over Jame Plantation, Buka Passage, in the Bougainville District of the Territory of New Guinea. Jame Plantation was one of the ex-German plantations sold by the Commonwealth Government in 1926/27 to returned soldiers. He was appointed a civilian coast watcher in the Buka-Bougainville area at the outbreak of the War in the Pacific and evacuated to Guadalcanal and then Australia in 1943. He joined the British Solomon Islands Defence Force in September 1943 and transferred to ANGAU in early 1945. After the War he returned to his plantations in New Guinea where he became one of the Territory's most successful and influential planters. The papers include: letters from Fred Archer to his family and friends, mainly from Wuvulu Island, Manus District, and from Jame Plantation in Buka, 1923-1928; Report on coast watching activity, Bougainville Island, 1941-1943, by W J Read; Archer's Solomon Islands war-diaries, 1943. There is also a series of subject files, A-Z, arranged by Mrs Mary Roberts from the Archer papers for her biography of Fred Archer. The files cover many aspects of Archer's post-War career, including some material on the Planters Association of Bougainville and the history of the Planters Association of New Guinea. A series of files of correspondence and other documents relating to Hakau Plantation in Bougainville, 1935-1967, is also microfilmed. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mrs Mary Roberts, Loganholme, Queensland, Australia.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au.virtual.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1209

Title: Fiji diary and narratives

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Turpin, Edwin James (1842-1917)

Scope and content:

Edwin James Turpin (1842-1917) an early British settler in Fiji. Edwin Turpin was born in Devonshire, England on 7 Nov 1842. Variousy described as a settler, planter, lawyer and beachcomber, Turpin migrated to Fiji in 1866 where he initially prospered as a land agent during the Fijian cotton boom of the late 1860s/early 1870s. In 1872, however, Turpin's prosperity began to unravel following the rejection of his application for admission to the Fijian Bar Association. With the end of the cotton boom, Turpin went from one job to the next with brief attempts to establish himself in business as a planter and hotelier. By 1886 massive debts had forced him and his family into bankruptcy. Turpin and his family lived in extreme poverty. He was frequently in court over disputed debts and at times faced near starvation. Despite these pressures, Turpin wrote articles and short stories for Fijian newspapers, gazetteers and almanacs. In 1901 or 1902 Turpin and his second wife May Lempiere moved to Auckland where they stayed until 1912. Turpin continued to make plans to return to Fiji, but never did so. In 1912 Turpin and his wife moved to Sydney. Turpin died there intestate on 31 May 1917. Mary Lempiere survived him by four years and died in February 1921. The Volume was used originally as a personal diary which Turpin kept between December 1870 and January 1875. After discontinuing his diary Turpin seems to have put the volume aside for a while. When he picked it up again it was to write a draft of a book which he first intended to publish under the title of A Programme of Anecdotes, Narratives and Legends of Fiji. The draft occupies 193 pages of small close writing, averaging 50 lines to the page. It was never completed, and stops abruptly in the middle of a note on Fijian fruits. After this Turpin used the volume again as a diary for a brief period towards the end of 1892, when he was clearing land for the CSR Company at Lakena, near Nausori. The purpose of the Programme was to provide readers with an idea of what life was like in Fiji in the colourful and often violent years between the arrival of the first European settlers in about 1804, and the comparatively tranquil seventies. Turpin's method of doing this was to string together narratives and anecdotes drawn from his own experience, or that of others – many of whom were “old hands” even in his time. His list of “authorities” must be one of the strangest ever cited for a book: “Harry, the Jew” Danford, “Bill the Blacksmith” Beddoes, James McGoon, “Cannibal Jack” Diapera (alias Damper), Thomas Hazelman, “New York Butcher Boy” Valentine, “Brown Boots” Oliver Brown, Johnny Paipai, Stork Jack, James McClure (or Jimmy Lasulasu) and so on. “All of whom”, Turpin sadly remarks, “have gone to that home from which no traveller returns.” From A I Diamond, “The Search for Edwin Turpin”, a paper read to the Fiji Society on 9th August 1965, in Transactions and Proceedings of the Fiji Society, Vol.10, 1964-1972. See also PMB 1183 DIAMOND, A. I. (1924-): Biography of Edwin James Turpin, an early settler in Fiji, 1971.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Institution: National Archives of Fiji Address: 25 Carnarvon St, Suva Country: Fiji

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1210

Title: Registers of Melanesian indentured labourers

Date(s): 1887 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Deutches Handel Und Plantagen Gesselschaft

Scope and content:

The copra trade was the core business of the Deutches Handel und Plantagen Gesselschaft. The company had monopoly recruiting rights enabling it to draw labour for its plantations in Samoa from the eastern New Guinea islands and the northern Solomon Islands. The labour registers give the number and name of the labourer, his or her village and district. The registers also note the plantation on which the labourer worked and transfers to employment elsewhere. If applicable, the date and cause of death is noted. There was a high mortality. Otherwise the register notes the date of return. There is also a column for further notes. Arbeiter Register, Nos.6367-7832, 25 May 1887-24 Feb 1891 [16 Mar 1891]; Arbeiter Register, Nos.7833-9409, 16 Mar 1891-Jan 1897; Arbeiter Register, Nos.9406-10128, Nos.1-1237, Jan 1897-Jan 1906; Arbeiter Register, Nos.1238-3187, Jan 1906-Sep 1913.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Institution: Archives Room, Nelson Memorial Library Address: Apia Country: Samoa

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1213

Title: Fijian pamphlets collected by Sir Arthur Gordon, Vols.1-5

Date(s): 1870 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Gordon, Arthur

Scope and content:

Arthur Charles Hamilton-Gordon, first Baron Stanmore (1829-1912) was born in London and served from 1854 to 1857 as a member of the House of Commons. Gordon served as Governor of Trinidad (1866-1870), Mauritius (1871-1874), Fiji (1875-1880), New Zealand (1880-1882) and Ceylon (1883-1890). From 1877 to 1882 he also served as High Commissioner and Consul-General for the Western Pacific. Fijian Pamphlets, Volume 1, 1877-1879, Items 1-13: pamphlets on the Polynesian Company's land claims in Fiji; reports on the commercial and agricultural prospects of Fiji; Gordon's report on the taxation system in Fiji; Wesleyan Missionary Notices; article from Fiji Times on the departure of Sir Arthur Gordon from Fiji; London Missionary Society report on its mission in New Guinea, et al. Fijian Pamphlets, Volume 2, 1877-1882, Items 1-10: more pamphlets on Polynesian Co land claims; Church Acts of NSW; Constitution of Tonga; Enquiry into Tongan Mission Affairs; Island Voyage; Dayspring Annual report; extracts from The Aborigines' Friend, et al.; Fijian Pamphlets, Volume 3, 1878-1883, Items 1-9: Story of the 'Little War'; Native Councils in Fiji; Fiji at the Sydney and Melbourne International Exhibitions; Gordon's Aberdeen address on Fiji; Fiji trade report, et al.; Fijian Pamphlets, Volume 4, 1870-1880, Items 1-18: constitution of the Fiji Federation of Chiefs; and other publication on colonisation, sovereignty, politics and commerce in Fiji. Fijian Pamphlets, Volume 5, Fiji Ordinances 1875-1878. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Institution: National Library of Australia Address: Parkes Place West, Canberra ACT 2600 Country: Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1214

Title: High Commission, Fiji, pamphlets

Date(s): 1874 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Gordon, Arthur

Scope and content:

Arthur Charles Hamilton-Gordon, first Baron Stanmore (1829-1912) was born in London and served from 1854 to 1857 as a member of the House of Commons. Gordon served as Governor of Trinidad (1866-1870), Mauritius (1871-1874), Fiji (1875-1880), New Zealand (1880-1882) and Ceylon (1883-1890). From 1877 to 1882 he also served as High Commissioner and Consul-General for the Western Pacific. A collection of 33 pamphlets, bound in one volume, formed by Sir Arthur Gordon when Governor of Fiji and Western Pacific High Commissioner, consisting of parliamentary papers and printed correspondence relating to Western Pacific islands other than Fiji, including New Guinea, the Solomon Islands and the New Hebrides. The pamphlets also include: reports on the cession of Rotuma, pearl shell fisheries in the Torres Strait, the labour trade, the Intercolonial Conference of 1881; papers relating to conflicts, kidnappings and murders in the islands involving the ships "Borealis", "Sandfly", "Aurora", "Leslie", "Winifred", "Miranda", "Isabelle", "Cormorant", together with reports by Commodore Wilson on murders on the coast of New Guinea; general reports on

conditions and commerce in the islands by W. Seed and Sterndale; Capt. W.H. Marshall's report on his observations of the Ellice, Gilbert, Marshall and Caroline Islands in the HMS "Emerald", 1881. See Finding aids for details. See also PMB 1213 and 1215.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Institution: National Library of Australia Address: Parkes Place West, Canberra ACT 2600 Country: Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1237

Title: Papers and publications on rural development, economics and labour in Papua New Guinea

Date(s): 1947 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 5 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Shand, R.T. (1934-)

Scope and content:

Professor R.T. Shand is a distinguished academic whose more recent research focuses on agricultural development in South Asia. He was based in the Department of Economics, Research School of Pacific and Asian Studies, Australian National University, from 1961 until 1999. His early interest in agricultural economics in Papua New Guinea, in particular cash crop development, is documented in these papers. Professor Shand directed a 3-year study of the development of cash-cropping in PNG for the Reserve Bank of Australia, 1963-65. In 1967-68 he was a member of a committee advising on the first Five Year Plan for the economic development of PNG. In 1970 he was a member of a Board of Inquiry into Rural Minimum Wages in PNG. He has also been a consultant to the Asian Development Bank on matters relating to PNG and was a member of its 1975 Mission to PNG. Unpublished papers on rural development, economics and labour in Papua New Guinea. The papers include reports on agricultural economics and cash crops by the Australian Bureau of Agricultural Economics (BAE) and the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Organisation (CSIRO), 1947-48; reports on PNG economics and development by Raymond Firth, J.W. Davidson, O.K.H. Spate, C.S. Belshaw and T.W. Swan, 1951-53; J.G. Crawford's file on ANU projects in PNG, 1959; various government, bank and international organisations' reports, 1947-1991; report and transcript of a Board of Inquiry into Rural Minimum Wages in PNG, 1970. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Australian National University Archives Program

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1253

Title: Papers on the South Sea Evangelical Mission in the Solomon Islands

Date(s): 1907 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 3 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Deck, J. Northcote

Scope and content:

(JOHN) NORTHCOTE DECK. Born Norwood, London, 12 March 1875. Died 10 May 1957, Toronto, Canada. [Article by Stuart Braga in Australian Dictionary of Evangelical Biography, 1993.] Northcote Deck was the second son of Dr John Feild Deck and his wife Emily (née Baring Young). He came to Sydney from New Zealand with his parents in 1877 when J.F. Deck established the Sydney Homeopathic Hospital at Ashfield, then a wealthy suburb, and studied Medicine at Sydney University. In 1908, he visited the work in the Solomon Islands of the South Sea Evangelical Mission conducted under the aegis of his aunt, Florence Young, and felt called to join the Mission. For the next nineteen years, he served as the SSEM's first medical missionary, travelling among the islands of the Solomon group in the mission's vessel *Evangel*. Florence Young wrote that Northcote 'threw himself heart and soul into the work. He took full charge of the vessel, and as Captain, engineer, photographer, explorer, doctor and visiting missionary and teacher has done work of untold value... The moment the anchor is dropped there follows the important and strenuous work of visiting the out-station schools to instruct, encourage and guide the native teachers.' To the islanders, he was 'Liutasi', the man who goes everywhere. In 1910, he became the first white man to cross Guadalcanal, notoriously hazardous for whites since the depredations of the blackbirders. The next year he recovered the skulls of an Austrian party which had been wiped out in Guadalcanal some years before. These exploits, performed at such obvious peril, earned Deck the Fellowship of the Royal Geographical Society. He assisted in the establishment of an outpost at the more remote Rennell Island in 1910, and on returning a little later, was horrified to find the bones of the three native teachers. They had been killed, it appeared, to obtain the nails with which the mission house had been constructed, to use as fish hooks. Writing in 1945, Northcote commented of this setback, 'at the time the whole tragedy seemed like defeat. In the light of subsequent events it was only victory deferred.' However, Rennell Island remained closed for many years thereafter; the government forbade the establishment of a mission station until 1934, a policy with which Deck reluctantly concurred. He married Jessie Gibson, on 19 April 1911 while on deputation work in Dunedin, New Zealand, his parents' home town, where the mission had a Council of Advice; there were no children. After Jessie died of Blackwater fever in 26 March 1921, Deck married in October 1923 his step-cousin Gladys Deck, from Motueka, New Zealand, who had arrived in the Islands earlier in the year; a daughter and a son were born to them. The losses of his first wife and cousin, Constance Young, strengthened Northcote's utter commitment to the Lord's work. Following Constance's death in 1924, he wrote, 'we are here to glorify God every day and night, and anything which does not do that must go'. Though Florence Young was the founder and undoubted leader of the SSEM, her nieces and nephews, members of the Deck family, were among its key members in the field for most of the first half of the 20th century. Seven of the eleven children of John and Emily Deck became missionaries: five with the SSEM and two with other missions, most of them for long periods. All had drunk deeply at the fountain of their parents' faith and piety, solidly based upon Bible study, so characteristic of the Brethren of that period. The seed thus sown bore fruit as the years went by, with the

establishment of a strong indigenous church in the Solomons. Deck's monthly letters describing his missionary journeyings had an apostolic quality, and gained a wide circulation, 2,000 copies being printed in the 1920s. Like St Paul, he was in danger often, and was no stranger to suffering. He also produced a number of devotional works and accounts of the work of the SSEM, and lived to see the fruit of his labours and those of his fellow workers. Despite the desperate battle for Guadalcanal in 1942, one of the fiercest conflicts of the Pacific theatre of World War II, the work of the mission was unharmed, and continued to grow in subsequent years. He left the Islands in 1927, and lived until 1935 in England, then in Australia for four years before settling in Canada in 1939. He had a warm and generous personality, and an uncommon gift of combining gentleness and authority as a public speaker: his words were with power. He was a sought-after speaker at conventions, and was an active board member of Christian organisations. Naturally, he maintained a keen and prayerful interest in the work which he had done so much to establish. SELECT PUBLICATIONS J.N. Deck, South from Guadalcanal: the romance of Rennell Island (Toronto, 1945) BIBLIOGRAPHY H.J. Gibbney & A.G. Smith, "Deck, John Field" [sic] in A Biographical Register, 1788-1939 (Canberra, 1987) A. Griffiths, Fire in the Islands! (Wheaton, Illinois, 1977) F.S.H. Young, Pearls From the Pacific (London, n.d. [1925]) • Pamphlets by J. Northcote Deck; • Articles by JND published in the evangelist press, 1951-1957; • Island Letters (SSEM circular letters) by JND, 1909-1928; • J. Northcote Deck, Circular Letters, 1909-1928; • Manuscripts by JND, folders 1-36; • Typescripts of articles by JND mainly published in Not in Vain and the SSEM circular Island Letters, 1915-1956; • Manuscripts on the Solomons by JND; Draft book on the Solomons by JND; • Jessie Deck (wife of Northcote Deck), letters to her parents, Mr and Mrs Gibson, 1911-1918; • General letters and prayer circulars received by JND, 1918-1946, including letters of Margaret Grant, Norman C. Deck, Joan B. Deck, Kathleen M.A. Deck, V.M. Sullivan, and others; • JND, Letters-out, 1908-1934; • JND, Letters to Florence Young, 1908-1924; • Letters received before and after the death of JND, Jan-Oct 1957; • Last articles by and obituaries of JND, Jun-Nov 1957; • SSEM materials amongst the JND's papers; and sundry papers. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: National Library of Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1261

Title: Letters from Ocean Island (Banaba) and the Gilbert Islands (Kiribati)

Date(s): 1934 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Cyril G. F. Cartwright (d. c.1943)

Scope and content:

Cyril Cartwright took an appointment with the British Colonial Service in the Glibert and Ellice Islands Colony (GEIC) in 1934. In June 1934 Mr Cartwright toured the Central Gilbert Islands and in July he was appointed acting District Agent in the Southern Gilbert Islands, based at Beru. He returned to

Ocean Island in June 1935 where he eventually became Government Secretary. Mr Cartwright remained on the Island, with four other Europeans, after most of the GEIC and Phosphate Commission staff and some of the Chinese and Gilbertese labourers were evacuated in early March 1942. Mr Cartwright died during the Japanese occupation, probably in 1943. (See A. Ellis, *Mid-Pacific Outposts*, 1946; p.22 & p.148.) Mr Cartwright's letters track his voyage from England to Sydney on the MV Moulton, January-February 1934; and from Melbourne to Ocean Island in March 1934 on board the MV Triona. They go on to describe many aspects of life on Ocean Island, which was the Colony headquarters at the time, Tarawa, and the Southern Gilbert Islands. The letters are mainly addressed to Mr Cartwright's mother. A few are original letters, but most are transcript copies typed from the originals by Mr Cartwright's cousin, Maud, for circulation among his family. (See letter dated 12 Feb 1936.) The letters include detailed descriptions Ocean, Tarawa, Maiana, Nikunan, Onotoa, Arorae, Tamana, Beru and Tabiteuea Islands, and of transport (including, government ships, boats, surf-boats, canoes and railway vehicles), accommodation of all types (with sketches), communications, food and other provisions, native and colonial governments in the GEIC, Gilbertese dances (including the 'Barei' dance performed on Beru), and Mr Cartwright's daily round on Ocean Island. There are also comments on rivalry between Protestant and Catholic missions, an account of transfer of 50 lepers from Gilberts to Makogai leper settlement in Fiji, and descriptions of BPC recruiting practices in the Gilbert Islands. Mr Cartwright's letters include accounts of his associations with Gilbertese, Ellice Islander, Nauruan, Ocean Islander and Chinese workers, as well as with traders, missionaries and European officers of the Colonial Service and the British Phosphate Commission. Among others, the letters refer to James Burns (Burns Philp & Co), Mr Barley (GEIC Resident Commissioner) and his wife, Mr Leembruggen (Government Secretary), Major Swinburne (Senior District Officer), Mr Clarke (Treasurer) and Mrs Clarke, Mr Bentley (Accountant) and Mrs Bentley, Mr Methuen (Police Officer) and Mrs Methuen, Mr English (Clerk of the Treasury), Kumkee (On Chong's Butaritari manager), Captain Heyen (Australian master on the On Chong's ship, the Macquarie), Narruhn (Burns Philp manager at Butaritari), Mr Kansaki (manager of Nanyo Boyeki Kaisha at Butaritari), Fr Guichard (Roman Catholic Priest at Butaritari), Mr Murdoch at Kuria, Harry and Honor Maude at Beru, Noa (Native Magistrate, Tabiteuea), Timau (Chief Kambure, Tabiteuea), Bishop Kempthorne, Mr Barrack (Auditor), Captain Forbes (temporary master of Govt ship Nimanoa), the Eastmans (missionaries at Beru), Sir Arthur Richards (High Commissioner); and Mr Cartwright's Islander servants and assistants, Temate and Kilifi (the latter an Ellice Islander), Iebeta and Barao (house boys), Kaburara (Interpreter), Teariki (Police orderly). See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Mr Anthony Aris, Westbourne Gardens, London.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1262

Title: Labour judgements

Date(s): 1975 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Supreme Court of Vanuatu

Scope and content:

Copies of Joint Court judgements in labour disputes, as follows: • Feb 1975: Christian Rimbart v. La Societe Fortuaire. • 1975: Bernard Daniel v. D.J. Gubbay (New Hebrides) Pty Ltd. • Judgement No.(A)24/75, 6 Jun 1975: Public Prosecutor v. D.J. Gubbay (New Hebrides) Pty Ltd. • Judgement No.(A)39/75, 16 Sep 1975: Robert Tran Van Binh v. Societe Commerciale d'Etudes et de Travaux. • Judgement No.(A)44/75, 17 Oct 1975: John Gilmore v. D.J. Gubbay Pty Ltd. • Judgement No.(A)52/75, 23 Dec 1975: Claude Bruyere v. La Societe Civile Agricole et Pastorale. • Judgement No.(A)2/76, 8 Jan 1976: David Art Joffick v. Limerick Pty Ltd and Charter Pacific Ltd. • Judgement No.(A)20/76, 17 Aug 1976: Pierre Garsonnin v. l'Administration francaise des Nouvelles-Hebrides. • Judgement No.(A)21/76, 17 Aug 1876: Edouard Bossan v. l'Administration francaise des Nouvelles-Hebrides. • Judgement No.(A)23/76, 17 Aug 1976: Jean Badda de Podasalva v. l'Administration francaise des Nouvelles-Hebrides. • Judgement No.(A)36/76, 3 Sep 1976: Jean Badda de Podasalva v. l'Administration francaise des Nouvelles-Hebrides. • Judgement No.(A)33/76, 31 Aug 1976: Hubert Thibault v. Georges Venekas. • Judgement No.(A)43/76, 1 Oct 1976: Sione Maealiuaki v. D.J. Gubbay & Co (New Hebrides Pty Ltd. • Judgement No.(A)62/76, 23 Dec 1976: Santanu Lal v. La Societe de Entreprises Lenisa-Benedetti. • Judgement No.(A)1/77, 12 Apr 1977: Jean-Pierre Falentin v. Madame Stela Bon. • Judgement No.(A)2/77, 15 Apr 1977: Jean Badda de Podasalva v. l'Administration francaise des Nouvelles-Hebrides. • Judgement No.(A)3/77, 17 May 1977: Jean Robert le Leannec v. Andre Harbulot. • Judgement No.(A)4/77, 25 May 1977: Didier Calistri v. George Joseph Welsh and Colin Graham Bryant. • Judgement No.(A)5/77, 9 Sep 1977: Fred Lewawa v. Raymond Vallette. • Judgement No.(A)6/77, 8 Nov 1977: Georges Lai Tham v. Leon Chung. • Judgement No.(A)7/77, 8 Nov 1977, Ah Fosu Faitham v. Leon Chung. • Judgement No.(A)8/77, 25 Nov 1977: Franz Joseph Wild and others v. La Societe d'Exploitation Agricole et d'Elevage des Nouvelles-Hebrides.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Supreme Court of the Republic of Vanuatu

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1268

Title: Transcript of proceedings

Date(s): 1987 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: Reels 1-5; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Commission of Inquiry into the Rehabilitation of the Worked-Out Phosphate Lands in Nauru

Scope and content:

Nauru's environment has been devastated by 100 years of phosphate mining. Mining of Nauru's phosphate deposits began in earnest after the First World War under a joint Australian-New Zealand-British venture, the British Phosphate Commission. This mining was carried out with no regard for

future rehabilitation and on terms that deprived the Nauruan people of reasonable returns for the sale of its phosphate in world markets. In 1987-1988 the government of Nauru held a Commission of Inquiry into the rehabilitation of its worked-out phosphate lands. In 1988 the Commission published a 10 volume report which concluded that the island's former administrators - Australia, New Zealand and the United Kingdom - were responsible for the rehabilitation of worked out areas of the island mined during the period of the Mandate and Trust. After several unsuccessful requests to the Australian government for financial assistance, Nauru took the findings of its Commission of Inquiry to the International Court of Justice which admitted a case against Australia. The case aroused much interest and controversy with Nauru receiving vocal support from world-wide environmental groups. A Compact of Settlement was reached in 1993 before the substantive hearing took place in the International Court in which Australia agreed to pay the Republic of Nauru a cash payment of AU\$57 million and AU\$2.5 million annually for 20 years. This money was to be used on development projects. New Zealand and the United Kingdom each agreed to contribute AU\$12 million ex gratia towards the Australian out-of-court settlement Transcript of proceedings, as follows: Open Sittings, Days 1-33, 35-36, 39-52, pp.1-4191, 23 Feb 1987-30 Jan 1988. Closed Sittings, Days 25, 30, 33, 34, 37 & 38, pp.1-591, 23 Nov-11 Dec 1987. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Institution: National Library of Australia Address: Parkes Place West, Canberra ACT 2600 Country: Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1282

Title: Fiji correspondence

Date(s): 1880 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: Reels 1-40; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: CSR Limited, Head Office

Scope and content:

The Colonial Sugar Refining Company was formed in Sydney in 1855, taking over assets of the Australasian Sugar Company. It operated sugar cane plantations and mills in Queensland and northern NSW, and refineries in Sydney, Melbourne and Auckland. In 1880, the year E.W. Knox was appointed General Manager, the Company was invited by Sir Arthur Gordon, Governor of Fiji, to extend its operations to Fiji. It began operations at Nausori on the Rewa River to the east of Suva in 1882 using cane from its own plantation worked with Indian indentured labourers as well as cane purchased from local planters. In 1886 the Rarawai Mill at Ba commenced work, built by CSR for its subsidiary, the New Zealand Sugar Company. Subsequently the Company opened mills in Fiji in Labasa in 1894, in Lautoka in 1903, and in 1926 it purchased the Penang sugar mill at Nadi. In 1924 CSR introduced its 'tenant farming' system in Fiji as a possible solution to labour problems due to the abolition of the Indian indenture system. CSR remained in Fiji until 1973, framing the country's economic development throughout that period. CONTENTS Press-copy letter-books of CSR Head

Office letters-out, all pages folioed. Most of these letter-books are in fragile condition; and the original copies of some of the letters are very light. The letters-in are also in bound volumes; each letter is numbered. • CSR Head Office, Fiji letters-out, Vols.1-7, May 1880-Aug 1891, indexed; • CSR Head Office, Fiji Colonial Secretary's letters-in, to Fiji Manager, Vols.1-8, 1907-1939, indexed; • CSR Head Office, Immigration letters-out (Indian Labour, Fiji), 2 vols., 1916-1937, indexed; • CSR Head Office, Rarawai Mill Correspondence-out, 1 vol. & Vols.1-13, 16-30, 1884-1912, 1916-1947, indexed. • CSR Head Office, Rarawai Mill Correspondence-in, Vols.1-10, 1903-1925, indexed. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Restricted access. For written permission to have access to the microfilms, apply to the University Archivist, ANU Archives Program, Division of Information, Building 2, Menzies Library, The Australian National University

Existence and location of originals: Noel Butlin Archives Centre, Australian National University Archives Program

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1290

Title: Papers on the Solomon Islands and other Pacific Islands

Date(s): 1879 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 5 reels; 35mm microfilm; Digital PDF

Name of creator: Woodford, Charles Morris

Scope and content:

Charles Morris Woodford was born in 1852 and educated at Tonbridge School in England. He settled in Suva about 1882 and from Fiji visited Kiribati (the Gilbert Islands group), as Government agent on the ketch *Patience*. In 1886, as a fellow of the Royal Geographical Society he made the first of three successive explorations of the Solomon Islands, especially Guadalcanal, where he was the first white man to penetrate the interior to any distance, collecting natural history specimens for the British Museum. His experiences are described in his book *A Naturalist Among Headhunters* (1890). In 1895 Woodford became Acting Consul and Deputy Commissioner at Samoa, and in the following year, a part of the Solomon Group having been made a British Protectorate, he was appointed the first Resident Commissioner, a post which he retained until his retirement in 1914. His later years were spent in Sussex. Woodford contributed an account of his visit to the Gilbert Islands to *The Geographical Journal* in 1895, and a note on Ontong Java in 1909. In 1916 he read a paper to the Royal Geographical Society on Polynesian settlements in the Solomon Islands, published in the *Journal* in 1926. Woodford helped elucidate the narratives of Mandaña's discovery of the Solomon Islands by identifying places visited by the Spaniards and taking photographs for inclusion in the Hakluyt Society publications. He also published papers in the *Journal of the Royal Anthropological Institute*, of which he was a Fellow. From *The Geographical Journal*, 1928, pp.206-207. This microfilm copy of the Woodford Papers was made by the Bureau (as PMB 150-PMB154) in 1971 when the papers were held for a time at the Department of Pacific History, RSPAS, Australian National

University. Since then the microfilm negative has been held under restricted access in the Records Room in the Division of Pacific and Asian History where it has been used from time to time by various scholars. The family of Mr Woodford has now given permission for the microfilm to be released. The papers are arranged in 30 bundles which are microfilmed in the following order: Reel 1 – Bundles 2-7. Reel 2 – Bundles 8, 10, 12, 15, 16, 18 & 19. Reel 3 – Bundles 13, 17 & 21. Reel 4 – Bundles 20, 22, 23, 24 & 25. Reel 5 – Bundles 27, 29, 30 & 11. Bundle 1, photographs, have not been microfilmed. No list of the documents in bundles 9, 14, 26 & 28, which have also not been microfilmed, is available at present. The documents in the bundles are classified in the following 12 series: Series 1 Diaries • 1/1 'Journal of a voyage from Suva Fiji to the Gilbert Group and back. From March 4th to June 22nd 1884'. • 1/2 Diary 16 April - 5 July 1886 • 1/3 Diary 6 Jul-3 Aug 1886 • 1/4 'Diary from 4th August 1886 to November 10th 1886. Chas M. Woodford, F.R.G.S. Gravesend England'. • 1/5 A revised version of Diary, April - July 1880. Original at 1/2 • 1/6 Diary 24 January - 5 June, 1887. • 1/7 Diary 7 June - 25 September, 1887. • 1/8 Diary 16 August 1888 — 3 January 1889. • 1/9 Diary of part of tour of duty aboard 'Pylades' 30 May - 10 Aug. 1896. • 1/10 Index to diaries 1886-9 and other works of reference. Series 2 Correspondence Series 3 History, geography, voyages, expeditions, administration Series 4 Ethnography and natural history Series 5 Languages, vocabularies Series 6 Zoology Series 7 Reprints Series 8 British Colonial reports, notices, proclamations, etc. Series 9 Press cuttings Series 10 Photographs Series 11 Sketches, tracings, maps, plans Series 12 Manuscripts, cards. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mrs Joan Presswell, Bundanoon, NSW

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1300

Title: Research papers, correspondence and publications on economic development and industrialisation of Papua New Guinea

Date(s): 1961 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 3 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Wilson, Robert Kent

Scope and content:

Robert Kent Wilson carried out long-term research on village industries and industrial development in PNG. He served as pilot in the RAF during World War II and was in the USA in 1952 on a study scholarship. He held a Masters degree in Arts from London University and a PhD from the Australian National University. He became lecturer in charge of Economic Geography at the University of Melbourne. Robert Kent-Wilson became interested in PNG social structures on his first visit to PNG, to New Ireland PNG in 1954. After 1960 he studied cottage industries in PNG, in particular the type of goods which could be made for export and for the home market. In 1966 and 1967 he worked with the PNG Research Unit based in Port Moresby surveying village industries including timber milling, furniture, building materials, bakeries, pottery, matting and hand weaving. In March 1972 he was a

member of a group, appointed by the Australian Minister for External Territories to inquire into measures to assist the less developed areas of PNG. He married Valerie Groves, who as daughter of the Pacific educationalist, W.C. Groves, had spent much of her childhood in PNG, Nauru and the Solomon Islands. [Ref. "He's interested in home industry", Post Courier, 17 Mar 1972, p.22.] The archive includes correspondence, lectures, notebooks, papers and other research records relating to economic development and the industrialisation of Papua New Guinea from 1961-1974. The documents cover subjects such as building and construction, fishing, gas, coconut and village industries, labour market, migration and over-urbanization in Papua New Guinea See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: National Archives of the Solomon Islands

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1318

Title: Cuttings from the Hawaiian Press on the Pacific Islands

Date(s): 1942 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 5 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association

Scope and content:

The first successful commercial sugar plantation was established on Kauai, Hawaii in 1835. Since this time the sugar industry has been a significant part of the Hawaiian economy and had a significant impact on the course of Hawaii's history. The Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association (HSPA) was founded in 1895 as an unincorporated, voluntary organization of sugar plantation owners in the Hawaiian Islands. Its objective was to promote the mutual benefits of its members and the development of the sugar industry in the islands. It conducted scientific studies and gathered accurate records about the sugar industry. The HSPA also actively campaigned to bring workers to Hawaii. The Association opened offices in Manila, Vigan and Ilocos Sur to recruit Filipino workers and provide them free passage to Hawaii. The HSPA became a powerful organization reaching as far as Washington, D.C., where it successfully lobbied for legislation and labor and immigration policies beneficial to the sugar industry of Hawaii. The Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association archives were donated to the Manoa Library, University of Hawaii in 1995. The archives are held in the Hawaii and Special Collections section of the Hamilton Library at the University of Hawaii, see:

<http://www2.hawaii.edu/~speccoll/hawaiihspa.html>. CONTENTS This microfilm consists of press cuttings files from the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association archive. The cuttings are mainly from the Honolulu Advertiser, Honolulu Star-Bulletin, Hilo Tribune-Herald. Other sources include: Pacific Science Association Information Bulletin, Christian Science Monitor, New York Times. Most of the files include a list of "cross references" to published articles and books. Reel 1 – HSPA 1-2 Reel 2 – HSPA 2-23 Reel 3 – HSPA 24-29 Reel 4 – HSPA 29.1-52 Reel 5 – HSPA 53-98 See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Transferred from the Pacific Collection at the University of Hawai'i Library to the Pacific Manuscripts Bureau.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1322

Title: Tinputz (Woskawitz) plantation, Bougainville, correspondence

Date(s): 1888 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Diercke, Carl (1872-1915), and family

Scope and content:

Carl Diercke (1872-1915) was the son of a famous German cartographer, Carl Diercke (Snr.) who created the Diercke Atlases. Carl Diercke (Jnr.) was married to Helene Blanche (Nellie) Parkinson. Nellie was the daughter of Richard and Phoebe Parkinson. Richard was a scientist of German/Danish origin, famous for his book, Dreissig Jahren in der Sudsee (Thirty Years in the South Seas). Phoebe was Queen Emma's sister, both of the Samoan royal family Malietoa. Together with Parkinson and Diercke they created the first commercial plantations in New Guinea in the late 1800's. The letters were written and received by Carl Diercke (Jnr.) at his plantation in Tinputz (Woskawitz) German New Guinea. In general the letters are requests for foodstuffs and sundry goods which were delivered mainly by the ship Sumatra. The family were stripped of land holdings by Australian officials after WWI because of the family's German links. Rudolf Diercke, son of Carl and Nellie Diercke, stayed in New Guinea and the Solomon Islands where he managed plantations for W.R. Carpenter & Co and later for the Catholic Church at Vunapope, East New Britain. Mr Chris Diercke, who holds the letter books, is Rudolf Diercke's son. Carl Diercke, Letter Book No.1 (letters-out), pp.1-41, 24 Jan 1907-22 Aug 1908 Carl Diercke, Letter Book No.2 (letters-out), pp.1-47, 11 Oct 1908-14 May 1909. Carl Diercke, Letter Book No.3 (letters-out), pp.1-100, 13 Sep 1909-4 Jul 1910. Letters-received by Carl Diercke, Rudolf Diercke, Helmuth Bertig et al., Nos.1-40, 1888-1964. Letters-received by Carl Diercke, Rudolf Diercke et al., Nos.41-80, 1895-1964. Letters re publication of English translation of Richard Parkinson's book, Thirty Years in the South Seas, 1970-1985. Hydrographic Office, US Navy, Emergency Reproduction of German Chart, S- Stiller Ozean, Insel Bougainville, Tinputz- & Teop Hafen, Maszstar 1:25000..., 1911. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mr Chris Diercke, Garden Suburb, Newcastle, NSW.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1341

Title: New Guinea papers and related family papers

Date(s): 1918 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Rondahl, Oscar

Scope and content:

Oscar Rondahl's mother, Grace Coe, was a half sister of Queen Emma. His father was Capt. J.M. Rondahl. He was born at Kabakaul, New Britain, in 1905, and took over family plantations in New Britain, including: • Rainau Plantation, purchased from Mrs Schmidt in 1937; • Kap Kap (Birara "B" & Kab Kab "C"), part also purchased from Mrs Schmidt in 1937; part purchased from Graham Mirfield; part purchased from Oscar Rondahl's sisters, Ricka and Tilly; part inherited; • Kabakaul Plantation, property formed into a private company, known as Rondahl Limited, after the death of Oscar Rondahl's brother; all shares in the company purchased by Oscar Rondahl in 1937; • Makurapau Plantation, transferred to Oscar Rondahl under a deed of gift from his father in 1927; • Induna Plantation, purchased by Oscar Rondahl as virgin land from J.J. Gilmore in 1931. Virginia Adam is a great niece of Oscar Rondahl. Vital records of Oscar Rondahl and family, 1918-1991 Plantation titles, etc., 1935-1969 Papers on the Estate of A.J. Eilertz, 1949 Paper on August Y. Chang of Metlik Plantation, New Ireland, 1949 Trip files of Oscar Rondahl, 1969, 1974 & 1978 Correspondence, 1942-1988 Press cuttings, maps and photographs. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Mrs Virginia Adam, Waverton, NSW (November 2009).

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au.virtual.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1342

Title: Reminiscences of voyages in the Pacific Ocean

Date(s): 1860 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm; Digital PDF

Name of creator: Martin, Alfred William

Scope and content:

Alfred William Martin (1844-1928) was born in Clarence Plains, Tasmania, first son of William Martin (1805/6-1878), a convict transported to Tasmania, and Hannah Braim (1825/6-1860). Alfred William Martin was educated at Kettering Grammar School in Northamptonshire while his parents were revisiting England. Returning to Tasmania, Martin became a seaman, despite his good education, firstly on the ship Gem sailing out of Hobart and then, while still in his teens, on a whaler, Southern

Cross, Capt. Mansfield, sailing out of Hobart to whaling grounds off New Zealand, NSW, and the New Hebrides. He then sailed on the Thomas Brown, Capt T.H. Brown, a freighter working between Melbourne and Adelaide. Subsequently Martin sailed a schooner, Jeannie Darling, 80 tons, owner Darling formerly a boat builder in Hobart, carrying timber and other goods between Melbourne and Schnapper Point (Mornington). In Melbourne Martin joined the crew of a Brigantine, El Zéfiro (300 tons, Callao), Capt Manuel Diaz Garcias of Peru, smuggling opium to the China trade via Gilolo Island, Surigao and Manila; smoking bêche-de-mer at Ponape; trading in the Marshalls, the Gilbert and Ellice Islands, Niue, Samoa, Tonga and Fiji; trading for sandalwood in the New Hebrides; sailing onwards through the Banks Islands, Santa Cruz, San Christobal, Malaita, Guadalcanal, Bougainville, and back to Manila via the Moluccas and Celebes. El Zéfiro then sailed for Bougainville, reinforced with Bougainville warriors carried out a blackbirding raid in Aoba (Ambae) in the New Hebrides (Vanuatu), then sailed on to South America, touching at the Marquesas and Galapagos Islands, selling the New Hebridean slaves at Mollendo in Peru. Alfred William Martin gave the manuscript to his granddaughter, Clara Ella Simm (b.1897), who he had brought up as a child after her father, William Simm (1855-1901), died in a flu epidemic in Launceston. When Dr Macnicol received the manuscript from his mother, via his sister, it was in a bundle tied with string. Dr Macnicol passed the manuscript to a conservator who repaired torn and fragmented pages. Dr Macnicol top-numbered the pages consecutively in pencil and transcribed the manuscript. He passed the transcript to Rafael Pintos-Lopez of Michelago, near Canberra, who submitted the transcript to Professor Brij Lal for assessment. Untitled incomplete manuscript written by Alfred William Martin of Tasmania, written possibly in the 1890s relating his Pacific voyages and adventures in the 1860s, Ms. (gaps), re-paginated, pp.1-202; together with transcript of the manuscript made by Dr Peter Macnicol, Ts., pp.1-251. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Person: Dr Peter Macnicol Address: Canberra Country: Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1368

Title: Charles Morris Woodford of the Solomon Islands: A biographical note, 1852-1927, MA Thesis, Australian National University.

Date(s): 1974 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm. Digital PDF.

Name of creator: Heath, Ian C.,

Scope and content:

Dr. Ian Heath submitted this thesis as a requirement for the Master of Arts qualifying course in the Department of History, School of General Studies, at the Australian National University, October 1974. He later completed a PhD at La Trobe University in 1979 titled Land policy in the Solomon Islands. Acknowledgements, p.1 Introduction, p.1 Chapter One: Early Life, 1852-1884, p.7 Chapter Two: Explorer and Scientist, 1885-1894, p.17 Chapter Three: Samoan Interlude, 1895, p.36 Chapter

Four: The Appointment, 1896-1897, p.49 Chapter Five: Pacification of the Solomons, p.58 Chapter Six: Land and Labour Administration, p.71 Chapter Seven: Woodford and the High Commission, p.94

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Dr. Ian Heath, Canberra, ACT.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1381

Title: Papers on the Solomon Islands and other Pacific Islands

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 240 volumes

Name of creator: Woodford, Charles Morris

Scope and content:

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Pacific Research Archives, Australian National University Archives Program.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1390

Title: Selected archives

Date(s): 1848 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: Reels 1-6; 35mm microfilm. Digital PDF.

Name of creator: Church of Melanesia (Anglican Church in the Solomon Islands, Vanuatu, Norfolk Island, New Zealand and Australia)

Scope and content:

In 1854, at the recommendation of Bishop George Augustus Selwyn, Melanesia was created as a separate "See" which Bishop Selwyn toured in 1857 in the mission ship Southern Cross, visiting sixty-six of the islands. John Coleridge Patteson was consecrated Bishop of Melanesia in 1861. Patteson and several of his companions were killed on 20 September 1871 on the island of Nakapu, in the Santa Cruz group, after slave-raiders had visited the area. In 1867, the Mission college at Mission Bay, Auckland, moved to Norfolk Island. In 1919 it moved to Siota, Gela Island, and in 1970 to Guadalcanal where it became known as Bishop Patteson Theological Centre (later college), Kohimarama. The first Melanesian to be an ordained priest was George Sarawia from Mota Island, New Hebrides (Vanuatu) in 1873. Charles Elliot Fox joined the staff of the Anglican Melanesian

Mission in 1903. During more than seventy years of service as a missionary and teacher, Fox lived and worked in most of the islands of the Solomon chain, on the Banks, and in the New Hebrides. Ini Kopuria formed the Melanesian Brotherhood in 1925. The first two Melanesian bishops were Dudley Tuti from Ysabel and Leonard Alufurai from Malaita. They were consecrated in Honiara in 1963. The Church of Melanesia was inaugurated in 1975. Documents in the pre-1975 archives of the Church of Melanesia were deposited on 2-4 Feb 1981 and are now held in the National Archives of the Solomon Islands. The documents copied include: -news cuttings of Bishop Walter Badley (1926-1953), -ephemera (Bishop Chisholm (1967-1972), -Charles Fox Lord of the Southern Isles), -Melanesian Mission, Sydney correspondence with Miss H.R. Blake, -Melanesian Mission miscellaneous correspondence (1860-1940), -Maps of Melanesia, 1947, -Melanesian Mission General Secretary's correspondence 'English Correspondence' (1921-1931), -Melanesian Mission Trust Board (N.Z.) correspondence (1928-1963), -Honiara Cathedral correspondence (1961-1970), -Australian Board of Mission correspondence (1931-1974), -New Zealand Anglican Board of Mission correspondence (1926-1928, 1950-1965), -New Hebrides correspondence (1955-1970), -Registers of the Church of St Barnabas, Alanguala, Ugi (1948-1954). -Church of Melanesia Synod Minutes (1953-1965), -O Raverare Gagang Melanesian Mission Church calendar in the Mota language (1939-1957), -O Sala Usuri (issues missing from PMB Doc 215), -Legal papers (1880's-1960's), -George Hammond Tarr Ten thousand miles away with the Southern Cross (1921-1936). See Finding aids for details. See also PMB 549, 550, 554-560, 1301, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1334, 1344 and 1359.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Institution: National Archives of the Solomon Islands Address: Hibiscus Ave, Honiara Country: Solomon Islands

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1394

Title: Personal papers

Date(s): 1944 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Whittaker, George (1904 - 1964)

Scope and content:

Mr. George Whittaker (16 Jan 1904, Chillagoe, Qld - 25 Jun 1964, Goroka, PNG) attended Cairns High School, then Sydney University. He arrived in the Mandated Territory of New Guinea in 1925, working as a medical assistant with Department of Public Health. In 1933 Whittaker led the first medical patrol into the Central Highlands of New Guinea. He later established a cocoa plantation near Lae and in 1936 began practising as an optometrist in the town. In 1942-6 he served in various parts of New Guinea as a member of the New Guinea Volunteer Rifles, which was subsequently integrated into the Australian Army. Awarded a MBE in 1943 and mentioned in despatches the same year, Whittaker reached rank of captain and was discharged from army in October 1946. For ten years after the war he worked to rehabilitate Awilunga cocoa plantation. He was the PNG state president of

the RSL from 1951 to 1955, also a member for the New Guinea Mainland in the PNG Legislative Council, and at one time a member of the Lae Town Advisory Council and Morobe District Advisory Council. The Whittakers left PNG and moved to Australia in 1957. George Whittaker subsequently made periodic visits to PNG in connection with his continuing work as an optometrist. Notes, newspaper articles, personal correspondence, letters by Whittaker, diaries, photographs, letters and documents in relation to his business as an optometrist in PNG, documents relating to Awilunga Plantation Limited, legal and finance records. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Pacific Research Archives, A.N.U.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au.virtual.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1434

Title: Worin village registers

Date(s): 1940-04-03 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 register books as digital PDF

Name of creator: Soukup, Martin

Scope and content:

These Patrol Officer field notebooks are about the Worin village of the Huon Peninsular in the Morobe District of New Guinea. Edwin Ernst Styants primarily kept the first register, but during the period 1944-1946, Patrol Officers L. Williams, Stuart Rylands and A.J. Leyden also recorded their observations and findings. The register includes clear instructions and orders on how to compile or record the names of village men and women and their dates of birth if known. Patrol officers recorded the names of all the village and hamlets inhabitants including those who were absent on indentured labour recruitments. The details recorded provided valuable and useful census data for the colonial authorities. This data formed the basis of the inspecting officer of the Department of District Services to crosscheck all births, deaths, migrations or relocations. This register also lists the names of village or group, hamlets, native district, Luluai, Tultul, Medical Tultul by the Patrol Officer. There are blank pages for patrolling officers to enter their notes and instructions for the inspecting officers of the Department of District Services. The first register lists Uron as the Luluai of the Dopet hamlet and Dingson of the Nakom hamlet. Tultul MUSU of Mumbok served for 24 years and was presented a signed certificate of his services at Mumeng on 22nd October 1962. The Medical Tutul was SIWI of Dopet hamlet. Of note in the first register is an entry stating that Tultul Dunjiyong wielded considerable power and was instrumental in giving full assistance to Peter Ryan during the Second World War. Ryan was the author of 'Fear Drive My Feet', a classic memoir of his time patrolling isolated regions of New Guinea during World War 2/World War II. The second Village Register is divided into the following columns: Males, Females, Estimated or known Year of birth. The entries in these columns have their original native names and often lists husband and wife but also whether the adult member of the village lives on his or her own. General information on condition of

roads, tracks, water supplies, gardens, distances between the villages as well as sanitation and latrines. All are hand written by the visiting Patrol Officers.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Person: Mr Esse Address: Worin Village Country: Papua New Guinea

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1446

Title: Papers of Reverend William Henry

Date(s): 1836 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: See individual items

Scope and content:

The papers of Reverend William Henry are mostly rare published materials. These books have not been digitised, with the exception of those pages selected by Donald Heussler. The collection also contains a photographic print of William Henry and a few pieces of correspondence by, or about him. The most significant items in the collection are handwritten diaries by Reverend William Henry and his granddaughter Amy Constance Henry. The diary of Amy Constance Henry documents her return voyage from Sydney to Tahiti, via Auckland, Rarotonga, Tongatapu and Apia in 1888. Amy travelled to Tahiti with her aunt, Sophia Henry, and writes about her sea sickness and seeing rats on board the ship ('Wairarapa', then 'Richmond'). She writes mainly of her social interactions as she calls on family and friends in Auckland, Rarotonga and Tahiti, including her uncles, Isaac and Philip, and family members including Hattie, Teuira, Bella, Julia and Sam. In Tahiti, she writes of travelling by pony and carriage to visit family and go on shopping expeditions. While most of her entries relate to calling on relatives, she regularly describes what she eats and notes the crops on the plantations she visits (including copra, vanilla and coffee). She also notes events such as a fire in a ship at the wharf, visiting a sugar mill and the organisation of an exposition of "native industries" during festival time. She also makes observations about the drinking habits of the population and expresses enthusiasm for attending sermons in French language by protestant pastor Charles Viénot. Though brief, her diary illustrates her time spent visiting Tahiti, including picnics, swimming, canoeing and fishing with her cousins. She also notes changes in her clothing whilst on Tahiti. On 4 August 1888, Amy departs Papeete for Auckland on board the 'Richmond' via Rarotonga and Tongatapu. She notes that a fellow passenger on board is Mr Shirley Baker, that she likes him and credits him with making Tonga one of the best places in the South Pacific. The diary of William Henry is written in a book of Hebrew grammar and covers the period 25 October 1843 - 19 April 1847. The diary includes drafts of correspondence and copied extracts from other texts, including Medhurst's China and 'Manual of Peace'. Reverend Henry is in his 70s and was living in Kissing Point, Sydney. He refers to the activities of his children and correspondence with church and mission colleagues such as Reverend Threlkeld. Daily entries stop between January and October 1844, and they resume in October when the family had returned to French Polynesia. He references daily activities and highlights events such as the arrival of whaling vessels, mission ships such as the 'John Williams' and attending or preaching at

church services. He makes occasional references to politics, including the relationships between the indigenous population - including Queen Pomare - and the French. In early 1945, he refers to conflict between the Henry family and the resident missionary, writing on January 1, "...jealousy and ill feeling manifested towards us by him who is acting as missionary here". On 14 January that year, he notes the planting of the French protectorate flag, writing, "Arrived the French steamer this morning from Tahiti, hoisted the protectorate flag, fired a salut...". The diary covers ongoing events such as policies and disagreements with native chiefs, the defamation case of his sons Isaac and David, his relationship with the British Admiral, family matters, church services and the establishment of the French protectorate.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Institution: Musée de Tahiti et des Îles Address: Punaauia, Tahiti Country: French Polynesia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB PHOTO 2

Title: Photographs from Samarai, Kwato, Abau Island, Port Moresby and elsewhere in Papua

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 34 photographs

Name of creator: Dexter, Henry

Scope and content:

Photographs of Samarai, Kwato, Abau Island, Port Moresby and elsewhere in Papua New Guinea, documenting Henry Dexter's experiences as a plantation manager.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Stuart Inder

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB PHOTO 6

Title: New Guinea Administration Series of Photographic Slides

Date(s): 1956 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 68 photographs

Name of creator: Sir Paul Hasluck

Scope and content:

Photographic slides of Papua New Guinea given to H.C. Morris by Sir Paul Hasluck in 1956 from his personal collection. In the 1950s, as Project Officer at the Manus Island naval Base, Mr Morris ran the first formal training and engineering apprenticeships in Papua New Guinea. Slides include photographs of Port Moresby Hospital, a village school, plantations and timber mills.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Original photographic slides held by Pacific Manuscripts Bureau

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB PHOTO 56

Title: Two albums of photographs taken during a voyage to and residence in the Solomon Islands from April to October 1886, and additional loose photographs

Date(s): 1852 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 240 photographs

Name of creator: Woodford, Charles Morris

Scope and content:

This collection by Charles Morris Woodford includes two albums of photographs taken during a voyage to and residence in the Solomon Islands from April to October 1886, as well as additional loose photographs. The collection includes images from the villages Aola and Fauro in the Solomon Islands. Images include village life, canoes, native animals, customs and the natural environment as well as Charles Morris Woodford's life and Government residence in Tulagi, Solomon Islands. Additional photographs from Rabaul, Madang, New Britain and New Ireland in Papua New Guinea.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Pacific Research Archives, Australian National University Archives Program.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB PHOTO 58

Title: Solomon Islands photographs

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 290 photographs

Name of creator: Woodford, Charles Morris

Scope and content:

This collection of Charles Morris Woodford includes photographs of the Woodford family; Solomon Islands, Samoa, British New Guinea (Papua New Guinea), etc.; Photographs were bundled with story as told by Solomon Islands person, 1907 (See PMB MS 1381, item 002).

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Pacific Research Archives, Australian National University Archives Program.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB PHOTO 86

Title: Selection of New Hebrides Mission photographs on boards, 1869-1956

Date(s): 1869 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 26 images

Name of creator: Foreign Missions Committee

Scope and content:

This collection of 26 photographs mounted on board include images of the New Hebrides Mission in Vanuatu from the mid 19th – mid 20th Century. The photographs include images of the first mission house at Selembanga on Tongoa, ni-Vanuatu people in traditional settings such as mourning, amongst local gardens and near traditional style village huts. There is a photograph of the Tanna volcano crater in 1899, labour boats in Tanna, mission vessels with copra, the 1892 New Hebrides Mission synod, early mission houses on Nguna and the mission house at Dip Point, Ambrym. The collection includes several European missionaries including Rev. P and Mrs. M J Milne, William Watt, Rev. William V. Milne, Rev. O. Michelsen and Rev. B.R.C. Nottage. Some of the boards include hand written headings which may indicate that they were used as boards to promote the work of the New Hebrides Mission at various presentations in Australia, New Zealand or Scotland. The New Hebrides Mission from the Presbyterian Church of New Zealand: The Presbyterian Church began sending missionaries to the New Hebrides (today known as Vanuatu) in the mid-19th Century. The first missionary was Rev. John Geddie of the Presbyterian Church of Nova Scotia who arrived on the island of Aneityum in 1848. Subsequent missionaries came from the Presbyterian Churches of New Zealand, Canada, Scotland and Australia (Victoria, Tasmania, South Australia and New South Wales). In New Zealand an interest in supporting a Christian mission to the New Hebrides was fostered when Rev. John Inglis of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of Scotland toured the country in 1852 following a three month tour of the New Hebrides and Solomon Islands. In that same year, Inglis and his wife joined Geddie on Aneityum. Rev. John Inglis continued to send regular reports of his work to New Zealand, leading to increasing interest from the Church there in sending their own missionaries to the islands. The Presbyterian Church of New Zealand was at that time divided up into the "Northern Church" and the "Southern Church" (consisting of the Provinces of Otago and Southland). The Southern Church was based on the ideals of the Free Church of Scotland and these principles influenced its mission work for many years. For over 40 years the two Churches worked separately, with mission activities during this time operating independently of each other. Over several decades

the Presbyterian Church of New Zealand sent a number of missionaries to the New Hebrides including the following people. The information below includes the missionaries' date of arrival in the New Hebrides, the name of the missionary and the name of the main island on which they worked: 1866, Rev. William Watt, Tanna 1870, Rev. Peter Milne, Nguna 1879, Rev. Oscar Michelsen, Tongoa 1885, Rev. Charles Murray, Ambrym 1889, Rev. Thomas Smaill, Epi 1892, Rev. Dr. Lamb, Ambrym 1899, Dr. John Bowie, Ambrym 1903, Rev. Thomas Riddle, Epi 1905, Rev. William V. Milne, Nguna (born on Nguna in 1877) 1932, Rev. Basil Nottage, Tongoa 1938, Rev. Ken Crump, Nguna 1941, Rev. J.G. Miller, Tongoa 1944, Rev. Ian Muir, Emae and Epi 1948, Rev. A.G. Horwell, Epi In the early years there was no organised or reliable shipping service to the individual islands of the New Hebrides so it was important for the Church to have their own vessel to bring regular supplies from Australia and New Zealand. A boat was also necessary for transport to other mission stations. Although the New Hebrides missionaries were responsible for their home churches and allotted areas and islands, they worked closely together on common issues and met annually for a mission Synod meeting. New Zealand Presbyterian Church worked in conjunction with the Australian Presbyterian Church to raise money and purchased a mission supply vessel, the "Dayspring I". This 115 ton brigantine was launched in Nova Scotia, Canada, in 1863. It was lost in a hurricane ten years later and replaced by a second hand schooner, the "Dayspring II" in 1876. The Dayspring II was sold prior to 1890 as she was too small and slow and uncomfortable to sail in. The Australian missionary Dr. John G. Paton raised £6000 during a visit to Britain in 1884-1885 and later increased the donations to £7000. The "Dayspring III" was built on the Clyde in Scotland to the order of the Victorian Presbyterian Church Foreign Missions Committee. She was 157 feet long and arrived in Australia in 1895. On only her fourth voyage to the islands, she sank on the 16th October 1896 after striking an uncharted coral reef near New Caledonia. The decision was made not to replace the vessel. The New Hebrides Mission shared a practical concern for the everyday needs of island people. In addition to converting local people to Christianity, the missionaries worked to improve education, through the introduction of schools where the training of local mission teachers was initiated. The Tangoa Teachers' Training Institute opened at Tangoa, South Santo, in 1895. The purpose of the Institute was to train local teachers and it was supported by all the Protestant missions working throughout the New Hebrides. Missionaries also worked to improve health education and services and encouraged the production of arrowroot and island trading as a means to generate revenue. Arrowroot powder was shipped to New Zealand and other countries, where it was initially distributed by women's missionary groups and later by commercial organisations. The funds from the sale of arrowroot were used to build additional churches in the islands and, in some cases, as a donation towards New Zealand mission funds to be used elsewhere. From 1880 to 1918 on Nguna alone, over 26 tons of arrowroot was produced. By 1910, the work of the New Hebrides Mission was declining. This was partly due to a rapidly decreasing population on the islands and a feeling that little room existed for further expansion of mission work, as by then most areas were adequately covered. The reduction in population was primarily caused by introduced European illnesses and epidemics which decimated the local population. The Queensland labour trade had also had an impact on the local population, with many locals having decided to remain in Queensland. In 1947 there was a general consensus held among the Island missionaries that the local church was ready to assume control of its own affairs. A constitution was drawn up, and after amendments submitted by the New Zealand and Australian Mission Committees and the New Hebrides Mission Synod, it was adopted. At a Centennial Synod meeting in 1948, the 100th anniversary of the arrival of the Rev. John Geddie, the local church was placed fully in charge of its own affairs. The island mission councils for Australia and New Zealand were then limited to the affairs of their immediate mission staff. The New Zealand Church continued to provide a large financial grant to the New Hebrides Presbyterian Church. A continued focus remained on training church leaders and education more

generally. The Tangoa Training Institute later introduced a curriculum of advanced theological studies. In the early 1950s, the New Zealand Missions Committee responded to the request for assistance to establish a High School at Onesua on Efate, along with funds and personnel to set up and run a small hospital on Tongoa. The Committee viewed this project as a practical means by which the New Zealand Church could provide for a social need rather than a means for furthering evangelistic opportunities. This policy shift in Mission funding opened up other opportunities for aid from the New Zealand Church including developing Navota Farm and opening the Maropa religious bookshop in Port Vila, training local islanders to be trades people and undertake the building work. The New Zealand Bible Class volunteer scheme sent out young people during the 1960s to assist with building, administration and nursing. The Mission, at the request of the Presbyterian Church of the New Hebrides, divested itself of all remaining authority in the Islands so that the New Zealand missionaries effectively worked for the New Hebrides Church. In 1965 a memorandum was prepared which defined the terms of "responsible partnership" and sought to define the responsibilities of each partner. The Church continues today as the Presbyterian Church of Vanuatu. For more information about New Hebrides Mission collections at the Archives of the Presbyterian Research Centre, Presbyterian Church of Aotearoa, and New Zealand, see: <http://www.archives.presbyterian.org.nz/missions/newhebrideshistory.htm>

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: **Institution:** Presbyterian Research Centre, Knox College Address: Arden Street, Opoho, Dunedin, 9010 Country: New Zealand.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB PHOTO 92

Title: New Hebrides Mission Lantern Slides, 1880-1945

Date(s): 1880 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 157 digital images

Name of creator: Foreign Missions Committee

Scope and content:

Collection of 157 images copied from glass lantern slides, associated with the Presbyterian Church New Hebrides Mission. The images date from 1880 to 1945, and cover a range of subjects including mission buildings and churches, fishing scenes, island landscapes, and plants. There are a number of portraits of ni-Vanuatu mission teachers and European missionaries, as well as images of unknown community members from around the mission areas. Some of the named individuals are Tatu (teacher from Nguna), Reverend and Mrs Inglis, Reverend and Mrs Michelsen, Reverend and Mrs Gilles, Reverend Peter Milne, Carlo, Reverend I. Muir, and Dr J.T. Bowie. The images were captured on multiple islands, including: Tanna, Aneityum, Futuna, Ambrym, Nguna, Tongoa, Tangoa, Epi, Efate, Malekula, and Erromango. A number of the glass plates have been hand-coloured. Many of those photographs taken in the islands of Tafea province are attributed in photographic collections outside of the Presbyterian Research Centre, Dunedin, to Reverend James Hay Lawrie, a Scottish Presbyterian

missionary on Aneityum and Futuna from 1879-96. The photographers of other images are unknown. The New Hebrides Mission from the Presbyterian Church of New Zealand: The Presbyterian Church began sending missionaries to the New Hebrides (today known as Vanuatu) in the mid-19th Century. The first missionary was Rev. John Geddie of the Presbyterian Church of Nova Scotia who arrived on the island of Aneityum in 1848. Subsequent missionaries came from the Presbyterian Churches of New Zealand, Canada, Scotland and Australia (Victoria, Tasmania, South Australia and New South Wales). In New Zealand an interest in supporting a Christian mission to the New Hebrides was fostered when Rev. John Inglis of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of Scotland toured the country in 1852 following a three month tour of the New Hebrides and Solomon Islands. In that same year, Inglis and his wife joined Geddie on Aneityum. Rev. John Inglis continued to send regular reports of his work to New Zealand, leading to increasing interest from the Church there in sending their own missionaries to the islands. The Presbyterian Church of New Zealand was at that time divided up into the "Northern Church" and the "Southern Church" (consisting of the Provinces of Otago and Southland). The Southern Church was based on the ideals of the Free Church of Scotland and these principles influenced its mission work for many years. For over 40 years the two Churches worked separately, with mission activities during this time operating independently of each other. Over several decades the Presbyterian Church of New Zealand sent a number of missionaries to the New Hebrides including the following people. The information below includes the missionaries' date of arrival in the New Hebrides, the name of the missionary and the name of the main island on which they worked: 1866, Rev. William Watt, Tanna 1870, Rev. Peter Milne, Nguna 1879, Rev. Oscar Michelsen, Tongoa 1885, Rev. Charles Murray, Ambrym 1889, Rev. Thomas Smaill, Epi 1892, Rev. Dr. Lamb, Ambrym 1899, Dr. John Bowie, Ambrym 1903, Rev. Thomas Riddle, Epi 1905, Rev. William V. Milne, Nguna (born on Nguna in 1877) 1932, Rev. Basil Nottage, Tongoa 1938, Rev. Ken Crump, Nguna 1941, Rev. J.G. Miller, Tongoa 1944, Rev. Ian Muir, Emae and Epi 1948, Rev. A.G. Horwell, Epi In the early years there was no organised or reliable shipping service to the individual islands of the New Hebrides so it was important for the Church to have their own vessel to bring regular supplies from Australia and New Zealand. A boat was also necessary for transport to other mission stations. Although the New Hebrides missionaries were responsible for their home churches and allotted areas and islands, they worked closely together on common issues and met annually for a mission Synod meeting. New Zealand Presbyterian Church worked in conjunction with the Australian Presbyterian Church to raise money and purchased a mission supply vessel, the "Dayspring I". This 115 ton brigantine was launched in Nova Scotia, Canada, in 1863. It was lost in a hurricane ten years later and replaced by a second hand schooner, the "Dayspring II" in 1876. The Dayspring II was sold prior to 1890 as she was too small and slow and uncomfortable to sail in. The Australian missionary Dr. John G. Paton raised £6000 during a visit to Britain in 1884-1885 and later increased the donations to £7000. The "Dayspring III" was built on the Clyde in Scotland to the order of the Victorian Presbyterian Church Foreign Missions Committee. She was 157 feet long and arrived in Australia in 1895. On only her fourth voyage to the islands, she sank on the 16th October 1896 after striking an uncharted coral reef near New Caledonia. The decision was made not to replace the vessel. The New Hebrides Mission shared a practical concern for the everyday needs of island people. In addition to converting local people to Christianity, the missionaries worked to improve education, through the introduction of schools where the training of local mission teachers was initiated. The Tangoa Teachers' Training Institute opened at Tangoa, South Santo, in 1895. The purpose of the Institute was to train local teachers and it was supported by all the Protestant missions working throughout the New Hebrides. Missionaries also worked to improve health education and services and encouraged the production of arrowroot and island trading as a means to generate revenue. Arrowroot powder was shipped to New Zealand and other countries, where it was initially distributed by women's missionary groups and later by commercial organisations. The funds

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<http://www.archives.presbyterian.org.nz/missions/newhebrideshistory.htm>

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Institution: Presbyterian Research Centre, Knox College Address: Arden Street, Opoho, Dunedin, 9010 Country: New Zealand.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB PHOTO 103

Title: Slides and photographs of election campaigns during 1966 election in Fiji

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 183 digital images

Name of creator: Norton, Robert

Scope and content:

This collection of slides and photographs was taken by Robert Norton on his first research trip to Fiji, which took place during the 1966 Legislative Council elections campaigning. The general Legislative Council elections were held in late 1966, just over a year after the first constitutional conference in London, and five years after the British government announced its plan to prepare Fiji for self-government. The indigenous Fijian leaders were initially very anxious about this objective, viewing it as a threat to the protection they believed the Fijians had enjoyed under the colonial government's policies, based in part, on the government's interpretation of the Deed of Cession by which nearly 100 years before the leading chiefs had entrusted the islands to the British crown. The Fiji Indians who in the 1960s were 51% of the population, and generally more advanced economically than the Fijians (43% of the population), looked favourably on the prospect of an end to colonial rule and their principal leaders called for a common franchise to replace communal (ethnic) political representation. The very influential but tiny European minority, concerned to preserve their longstanding privileged political representation, stood with the Fijians against radical constitutional change. The 1966 elections were the first in which broadly-based political parties competed for a substantial power in the colonial parliament. The 1965 constitutional conference had changed the parliament (legislative council) from a council dominated by colonial officials appointed by the governor, to one dominated by elected representatives: 14 Indigenous Fijians, (2 elected by the Great Council of Chiefs), 12 Indians, 10 General electors (Europeans, Part-Europeans, Pacific islanders other than Fijians, and Chinese). The new constitution completed the expansion of the vote to a universal franchise, begun in 1963. Only four seats were reserved for colonial officials. Most of the electorates remained ethnically defined, and all the seats remained ethnically reserved. But overlaying the many communal electorates, were now three very large Cross Voting electorates covering the entire colony. They were multi-ethnic, made up from the communal electorates, and each had three reserved seats: Fijian, Indian, and General. The electors were entitled to four votes - one in their communal electorate, and three in their cross-voting electorate. Voting was not compulsory, and to cast a valid vote an elector need tick only the communal seat ballot paper if they wished. Communal seats numbered 9 Fijian, 9 Indian, and 7 General; there were 3 Fijian, 3 Indian, and 3 General cross-voting seats. Indigenous Fijians enjoyed additional representation by the two Council of Chiefs members of the parliament. The intention of introducing the cross-voting electorates was to give people experience in supporting candidates of different ethnic identities from their own - a step, the British said, toward an eventual common franchise without reserved seats. It was hoped that political parties would each field candidates of different ethnicity, and that these would campaign together - the communal candidates assisting the campaigning of their cross-voting partners. Some of the slides and photos illustrate this joint campaigning in western Viti Levu, by Fijian, Indian, and General candidates of the Alliance Party. All the pictures were taken on Viti Levu, Fiji's major island. The Alliance Party, whose main component body was the indigenous Fijian Association, won 22 seats (12 Fijian, 3 Indian, 7 General). The Federation Party (later the National Federation Party) secured only the 9 communal Indian seats; the party fielded only one non-Indian candidate, Fijian cane farmer Penaia Rokovuni (photos 48-54). Three General candidates were elected as independents. References Robert Norton 'Race and Politics in Fiji', University of Queensland Press, 1977, revised edition 1990 Roderick Alley 'The Emergence of Party Politics'. In 'Politics in Fiji' edited by Brij Lal, Allen & Unwin, 1986. Pp28-51

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Dr Robert Norton, Sydney, NSW

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB PHOTO 125

Title: Roger Southern Photographs of the Highlands of Papua New Guinea and University of Papua New Guinea [UPNG], 1969-1973

Date(s): 1969-01-01 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 152 digitised 35mm slides

Name of creator: Southern, Roger

Scope and content:

These 152 35mm slides were taken between October 1969 and November 1973 by Roger Southern, who was then teaching at the Department of Geography at the University of Papua New Guinea [UPNG] and was researching a master's degree with the University of Bristol for which he travelled to the PNG Highlands to observe the place of roads and road transport in economic change. The images illustrate ten themes: 1. TRADITIONAL HIGHLAND VILLAGE LIFE, Lumusa area, Baiyer River district [Images 1 to 25] 2. BAIYER RIVER, local roads, and the emerging cash economy [26-46] 3. BAIYER RIVER, the Baptist Mission and Enga Enterprises coffee cooperative [47-57] 4. ALONG THE HIGHLANDS HIGHWAY, road making and road transport in a challenging environment [58-76] 5. ULYA COFFEE PLANTATION, people, activity in and around the plantation [77-94] 6. MOUNT HAGEN, images of the town [95-104] 7. WAHGI VALLEY, KINDENG, the tea plantation [105-113] 8. WAHGI VALLEY, KINDENG, the smallholder projects [114-126] 9. UPNG [UNIVERSITY OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA], the campus and some events [127-137] 10. UPNG [UNIVERSITY OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA], the students [138-152] The late Edith Watts MBE and the late John Watts MLA provided many of the opportunities for images 1 to 126 to be made. Southern also remembers fondly the students and staff of the brand new and exciting University of Papua New Guinea [images 127-152].

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Private collection. Contact pambu@anu.edu.au

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

WORKERS' UNIONS

AU PMB DOC 393

Title: Avenir Caledonien Noumea: Union Caledonienne. No. 1 +, 11 December 1954 +

Date(s): 1954 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 213 fiche: 5068 frames (app.) - microfiche: 16mm

Name of creator: Avenir Caledonien

Scope and content:

Political periodical which reflects over 33 years of social, political and economic change in New Caledonia and includes very lively criticisms of, and exchanges between, local personalities. A few issues in New Caledonian Melanesian languages, Tahitian and Wallisian. Organ of Union Caledonienne, reflects also changes in the U.C. itself from its formation in 1952 as an anti-communist reformist party with a large Melanesian base, dominated by Europeans and deeply attached to France, to the principal element in the independence movement's Front de Liberation Nationale Kanak et Socialiste. Originally edited by Maurice Lenormand: its 1987 editor was Nicholas Pidjot. First issue published 11 December 1954, very irregular between 1972 - 1979, still published in 1989. The collection microfiched was obtained from a variety of sources (Union Caledonienne, M. Lenormand, National Library of Australia, Archives Territoriales New Caledonia, Bess Flores) but no complete set exists with any of these sources. Issues not available may not have been published. Nos 1 (11 December 1954) - 980 (23 December 1987), 978 documents in all. Missing issues: 147 (1957): 152 (1958): 414 (1963): 557 (1966): 931, 935, 938, 940 (1985). Fiche 1-8 contain an incomplete set of the Union Caledonienne congresses as follows.' 0001 : 11th congress 1980 (22pp): 1st Congress 1956 (=U.C. ce qu'elle est ...) pp 1-40 0002 : 1st Congress 1956 pp 41-64 0003 : Programme d'action, 1957 0004 : Progress report on activities between the 3rd Congress (1958) and 4th congress (1960) presented by M. Lenormand at the 4th Congress 0005 : Tract 'Une vague de calumnie ...' undated: 5th Congress, Poindimie, 1962 0005/0006: 6th Congress 1963 0007 : Territorial elections 1977:12th Congress 1981 0008 : 10th Anniversary Congress, same as 5th Congress, Poindimie, 1962 (on 0004) with cover page added.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB DOC 431

Title: Port Moresby's Papuan workers and their association, MA Thesis, Department of Anthropology, University of Auckland

Date(s): 1968 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Metcalf, Peter Allan

Scope and content:

MA thesis, Department of Anthropology, University of Auckland.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Institution: University of Auckland Library Address: City Campus, Auckland Country: New Zealand

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB DOC 433

Title: Fiji Trades Union Congress Fiji Labour Sentinel (Fiji Trades Union Congress, Suva)

Date(s): 1978 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Fiji Trades Union Congress

Scope and content:

The peak council of trade unions in Fiji was formed on 29 Sep 1951 as the Fiji Industrial Workers' Congress. The present name was adopted in October 1966. The Congress was based at Nadi and Lautoka in the western districts of Viti Levu until 1962 when it shifted to Suva. The Congress has had a relatively stable administration: the first honorary Secretary was Tomasi Vunisina, 1951-1957, Mohammed Ramzan was honorary Secretary from 1960-1972, and James Raman followed him as National Secretary, with one short break, till the Biennial Conference in May 1994. See PMB 1085 for records of the Congress. Nos.1-47, 49-99, 1978-1999

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Pacific Collection, University of the South Pacific Library, Suva, and the Fiji Trades Union Congress, Suva.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB DOC 453

Title: Pacific Unionist, South Pacific and Oceania Council of Trade Unions, International Confederation of Free Trade Unions – Asia Pacific Regional Office, Pacific Office

Date(s): 1989 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: South Pacific and Oceania Council of Trade Unions, International Confederation of Free Trade Unions – Asia Pacific Regional Office, Pacific Office

Scope and content:

Nos. 1-23, 1989-1998. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Archives of the South Pacific and Oceanic Council of Trade Unions held in the Noel Butlin Archives Centre, Australian National University.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB DOC 481

Title: Combat Ouvrier, Union Syndicale des Travailleurs Kanaks et des Exploites (USTKE), Noumea.

Date(s): 1992 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Union Syndicale des Travailleurs Kanaks et des Exploites (Ustke)

Scope and content:

In the most industrial country in Oceania, labour unions are quite strong and active, and at times their strikes become militant and political, pushing politicians to complain or listen, for example, on the issue of favouring local hiring that was inscribed in both the Noumea Accord and the organic laws that followed (nc, 18 Oct 2007). Faced with rising living costs, they also want their share of the proceeds from economic development, so the minimum monthly wage was raised in January to 120,000 Pacific francs, or about us\$1,200 (nc, 8 Jan 2007). Mining unions noted the rising price of nickel and demanded a corresponding increase in wages, and those in various support or service sectors felt likewise. But social dialogue between workers and employers has all too often not gone smoothly in New Caledonia, leading to roadblocks with burning tires and work stoppages without enough action by the State, positive or negative (nc, 4 Sep, 2 Oct, 9 Oct 2007). France too has its powerful labour unions who strike militantly, but in late 2007 Sarkozy battled transporters over pension reforms, while a thousand people marched in Noumea against “terrorism” by local unions (BBC News, 13 Nov 2007; nc, 12 Nov 2007). For example, USTKE, which Estrosi had criticized, blocked the local cement industry and urban bus company for months—along with other strikes to support favoring local hiring and protecting workers fired for union activities—and in October USTKE called a general strike because the police had intervened (nc, 13 Oct 2007). After testing the waters in the presidential and legislative elections by backing Bove and then its own candidates, respectively, USTKE defied appeals by the FLNKS not to divide the Kanak vote and formed its own Labor Party in November, with support from metropolitan Trotskyists, dedicating itself to independence, anti-globalization, and revolutionary socialism (nc, 16 Nov 2007). It remained one of the two largest unions, as labor leaders compete for membership using dramatic strikes to attract support (nc, 12 April 2007). From David Chappell, “Political review: New Caledonia”, *The Contemporary Pacific* 12.2 (2000) 515-520. After a decade, in 2007, USTKE started a new series of *Combat Ouvrier*, again as a monthly, renumbering from No.1. No.8, Feb 2008, up to No.27, Nov 2010, are available on the web at: <http://ustke.org/pdf.html>. *Combat Ouvrier*, Nos.1-43, 45-49, 51-54, 1992-2001, published monthly. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Union Syndicale des Travailleurs Kanaks et des Exploites (USTKE), Noumea.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 154

Title: Miscellaneous correspondence

Date(s): 1927 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Burns Philp (South Sea) Company Ltd, Labasa Branch, Fiji

Scope and content:

The Labasa [Fiji] Branch of Burns Philp (South Sea) Co. Ltd. was established in 1920. The correspondence appears on the microfilm as follows: Savu Savu - 1927-33; Copra - 1934-43; *Tui Labasa* - 1936; War Service - 1939-44; Fiji Seamen's Union - 1946-56; Stevedoring Union - 1947-57; A.K. *Labasa* - 1949-50; Miscellaneous - 1953-59

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Burns Philp (South Sea) Co. Ltd., Levuka

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au.virtual.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1085

Title: Archives

Date(s): 1959 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 26 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Fiji Trades Union Congress

Scope and content:

This peak council of trade unions in Fiji was formed on 29 Sep 1951 as the Fiji Industrial Workers' Congress. The present name was adopted in October 1966. The Congress has had a relatively stable administration: the first honorary Secretary was Tomasi Vunisina, 1951-1957, Mohammed Ramzan was honorary Secretary from 1960-1972, and James Raman followed him as National Secretary, with one short break, till the Biennial Conference in May 1994. The Congress was based at Nadi and Lautoka in the western districts of Viti Levu until 1962 when it shifted to Suva.

Following a wage freeze in November 1984, the FTUC withdrew from a Tripartite Forum (of government, employer and union representatives, established in 1977 to consider economic policy issues) and launched the Fiji Labour Party to challenge government policies. The Public Service

Association President, Timoci Bavadra, became the Party's President. In late 1986 the Labour Party formed a coalition with the National Federation Party which defeated the Alliance Party in the elections of April 1987 thus precipitating the military coups of May and November 1987 during which the FTUC offices were firebombed and its executive imprisoned. Conference papers, 1962-1994
Executive Committee minutes and related papers, 1966, 1971-1991
Management Board minutes and related papers, 1974-1991
Women's Wing Executive Committee minutes, 1983-88, 1992-94
circulars to affiliates, 1959-1978
press releases, 1974-1996
selected FTUC general and affiliate files (the international files of the Congress have not been filmed at this stage)
FTUC Official Directory, 1979-1991
Other documents

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: Fiji Trades Union Congress, 32 Des Voeux Road, P.O.Box 1418, Suva, Fiji

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1117

Title: Archives

Date(s): 1969 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 5 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Papua New Guinea Trade Union Congress

Scope and content:

The Papua New Guinea Trade Union Congress is the national trade union centre of Papua New Guinea. It originates from meetings of PNG workers' associations held in Madang and Lae from 1964. It was not until December 1969 that the Federation of Workers' Associations, the predecessor of the PNG TUC, was formally constituted. Registration as an industrial organisation was granted on 7 March 1970. Paulus Arek was elected the first President, and Michael Kaniniba, of the Lae Miscellaneous Workers' Union, was the first of General Secretary of the Federation. Based in Lae during the 1970s, the Federation adopted the current name, PNG Trade Union Congress, in September 1974. With the support of PANGU activists, membership of the TUC expanded and in 1976 the Port Moresby trade unions, which had organised a rival trade union centre, the Port Moresby Council of Trade Unions, affiliated to the PNGTUC. The records microfilmed consist of a batch of minutes and correspondence for the period 1968-1984, which appear to be the only surviving records from the time when the TUC was located in Lae, together with later minutes, circulars, press releases and other papers.

Minutes of meetings, 1969-1980 (gaps); Biennial Conference papers, 1983-1996; Executive Council

meetings: various papers, 1985-1989; Management Board meeting papers, 1986-1990; meetings with Port Moresby based affiliates, 1989-1992; miscellaneous administrative and management papers, 1985-1988; general correspondence, 1968-1984; international correspondence, 1973-1984; circulars and memoranda, 1985, 1987-1992, 1995 (gaps); press statements, 1985-1995; papers and reports (including some agenda papers), 1974-1990; speeches, mainly by Lawrence Titimur, 1987-1990; South Pacific and Oceanic Council of Trade Unions, Conference No.2, Brisbane, meeting papers, Nov 1993.

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for access

Existence and location of originals: Institution: Papua New Guinea Trade Union Congress Address: Korobosea Country: Port Moresby

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1166

Title: Archives

Date(s): 1989 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: Reels 1-10; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: South Pacific and Oceania Council of Trade Unions

Scope and content:

Pacific Conference No.4 of the ICFTU/APRO held in Port Moresby in 1987 resolved that the ICFTU consider establishing a structure within the ICFTU that would provide a forum for the South Pacific and have an Oceanic identity. The conference also resolved that the ICFTU/APRO education program in the region should be expanded so that there was greater ability to plan and implement activities at the local level. As a result of those decisions the ICFTU/APRO education project was established in June 1988 with the appointment of a full-time educator. The project operated from a Brisbane office, located in the Queensland ACTU building. ICFTU/APRO Regional Conference No.14 held in Bangkok in 1988 endorsed the formation of specific structure for the South Pacific, including the appointment of a full-time executive officer to work alongside the project educator. It was resolved that an inaugural conference would be convened to formalise the establishment of the new body which replaced the Pacific Trade Union Forum and became known as the South Pacific and Oceanic Council of Trade Unions (SPOCTU). SPOCTU operated as the peak council of the trade union movement in the Pacific Islands, representing affiliated organisations in Fiji, PNG, Solomon Islands, Vanuatu, Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga, New Caledonia, New Zealand and Australia. Conferences were held every two years and an intensive program of training workshops was undertaken, often in conjunction with the Pacific office of the Commonwealth Trade Union Council. • Minutes of SPOCTU Conferences and Steering Committees meetings (ACTU copies), 1989-1999. • ICFTU/APRO, Pacific Trade Union Forum and SPOCTU steering Committees, Conferences and Projects files, 1987-1998. • Commonwealth Trade Union Council, Pacific Trade Union Education Liaison Committee: meetings, 1992-1996. • SPOCTU Country files: Vanuatu, Samoa, Tonga, Solomon islands, Papua New Guinea, Fiji and Cook

Islands, 1992-1998. • SPOCTU Circulars to affiliates, 1990-1998. See Finding aids for details. See also Pacific Unionist, 1989-1998, at PMB Doc 553.

Conditions governing access: Available for Reference

Existence and location of originals: Noel Butlin Archives Centre, Australian National University

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1148

Title: Minutes, press releases and related papers

Date(s): 1985 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Papua New Guinea Maritime Workers Industrial Union

Scope and content:

The union had its origins in the ethnically based welfare societies formed in Port Moresby in the late 1950s. Waterside workers were also active in the PNG Workers' Association and its successor the Port Moresby Workers' Association in the 1960s. The Central District Waterside Workers' Union was established at a public meeting in Port Moresby on 24 July 1968 and registered under the PNG Industrial Organisations Ordinance on 28 January 1969. Between 1977 and 1980 the CDWWU embarked on a series of amalgamations with the Overseas Seamen's Union, the Rabaul Workers' Association, the Madang Waterside Workers' Union and the Lae Stevedoring Union. The amalgamated union, the PNG Waterside Workers' and Seamen's Union, the first national private sector union in Papua New Guinea, was registered on 8 January 1980. The name of the organisation was changed to the Papua New Guinea Maritime Workers Industrial Union on 18 October 1993. (See Michael Hess, *Unions Under Economic Development: private sector unions in PNG*, Oxford University Press, 1992.) Minutes, press releases and related papers, 1985-1997, including: Management Committee minutes, 1994-1997.

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: PNGMWIU Office, Port Moresby, PNG.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1154

Title: Archives

Date(s): 1974 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Kiribati Island Overseas Seamens Union

Scope and content:

The world-wide merchant marine is a crucial source of employment for i-Kiribati and remittances from this work are fundamental to the Republic's economic well-being. The inaugural meeting of the Gilbert and Ellice Islands Overseas Seamen's Union was held on 22 Dec 1971. In January 1976 the organisation changed its name to the Gilbert Islands and Tuvalu Overseas Seamen's Union and then, in 1979, to the Kiribati Islands and Tuvalu Overseas Seamen's Union following the declaration of the independent republic of Kiribati. The name was changed to the Kiribati Islands Overseas Seamen's Union in 1994. There were major changes in leadership in 1994 and again in 1996 when the current leadership was elected. The Union's archives are kept in a cupboard near the back door of the KIOSU office, a single story office building in the port of Betio. The main series of archives consist of:

- ☐ Executive Committee minutes, 1988-95;
- ☐ copies of minutes, 1981, 1985-96;
- ☐ the KIOSU newsletter, 1984, 1987-1995;
- ☐ correspondence register, 1974-1977;
- ☐ membership register, 1974 +;
- ☐ records of international and local seminars and conferences.

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for reference, but no copies of the microfilms may be supplied to any party, other than the Union and the PMB members, without the permission of the Union.

Existence and location of originals: Kiribati Islands Overseas Seamens Union office, Betio, Tarawa, Republic of Kiribati

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1163

Title: Archives and press cuttings

Date(s): 1970 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 2 reels; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Papua New Guinea Maritime Workers Industrial Union

Scope and content:

The Union is the oldest and most successful of the blue collar unions in PNG. The union had its origins in the ethnically based welfare societies formed in Port Moresby in the late 1950s. Waterside workers were also active in the PNG Workers' Association and its successor the Port Moresby Workers' Association in the 1960s. The Central District Waterside Workers' Union was established at a public meeting in Port Moresby on 24 July 1968 and registered under the PNG Industrial Organisations Ordinance on 28 January 1969. Between 1977 and 1980 the CDWWU embarked on a series of amalgamations with the Overseas Seamen's Union, the Rabaul Workers' Association, the Madang Waterside Workers' Union and the Lae Stevedoring Union. The amalgamated union, the PNG Waterside Workers' and Seamen's Union, the first national private sector union in Papua New Guinea, was registered on 8 January 1980. The name of the organisation was changed to the Papua New Guinea Maritime Workers Industrial Union on 18 October 1993. (See Michael Hess, *Unions Under Economic Development: private sector unions in PNG*, Oxford University Press, 1992.)

- ☐ Port Moresby Council of Trade Unions, Submission to the Urban Minimum Wages Board. Ts., roneo, 228pp., Aug 1974;
- ☐ PNG Maritime Workers Industrial Union, Circulars to National Executive Council Members and Branch Presidents, Jun 1991-Jul 1997;
- ☐ Press cuttings on industrial matters in Papua New Guinea, 1970-1990;
- ☐ Further press cuttings on industrial matters in PNG, n.d.;
- ☐ Rough list of non-current files held in the PNG Maritime Workers Industrial Union's Port Moresby office in May 1994 and since destroyed, May 1994

See reel list for further details

Conditions governing access: Available for reference

Existence and location of originals: PNG Maritime Workers Industrial Union office, Main Wharf, Port Moresby.

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1187

Title: Archives

Date(s): 1975 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 4; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Solomon Islands National Union of Workers

Scope and content:

The Solomon Islands General Workers Union (SIGWU), later known as the Solomon Islands National Union of Workers (SINUW), was founded by Bart Ulufa'alu and registered on 17 June 1975. Solomon

Islands trade unions ran into immediate difficulties gaining recognition from employers and, following a large demonstration in Honiara in December 1975, a number of union leaders were fined and two, Bart Ulufa'ulu (SIGWU) and James Meafa'alu (GNEWU), were gaoled. Bart Ulufa'ulu won a seat in the June 1976 general elections, as a candidate for the union-organised Nationalists' Party. He consequently resigned as SIGWU General Secretary, staying on as an adviser to the Union. Joses Tuhanuku was elected as his replacement. Mr Tuhanuku went to Denmark for training from February 1977 till June 1978, however SIGWU's registration was suspended from October till December 1977 on the grounds of misappropriation of funds (later disproved). By the time Joses Tuhanuku returned to Honiara the Union's membership had dropped from 6,000 to 300. However strong organisation among plantation workers over the next few years produced collective agreements with Unilever's palm oil operation in Guadalcanal, Solomon Islands Plantations Ltd, and two other Unilever subsidiaries, Levers Pacific Timbers Ltd and Levers Pacific Plantations Ltd. By 1980 the union had rebuilt its membership to 10,000, half the Solomon Islands workforce. The name of the union was altered to Solomon Islands National Union of Workers at the at the AGM in April 1980, reflecting the Union's national representation of workers in various categories in almost all industries in the Solomon Islands. (From Joses Taungenga Tuhanuku, 'Trade Unions and Politics', in Peter Lawrence and Sue Tarua (Eds.), *Solomon Islands Politics*, Suva, USP Institute of Pacific Studies, 1983. Bart Ulufa'ulu's SIGWU correspondence, Apr-Dec 1975; National Council minutes, 1984-1999; annual returns, 1976-1980; financial returns, 1983-1988; press releases, 1982-1992; correspondence re collective agreements with Foxwood (SI) Timbers Ltd, Honiara Town Council, Levers Solomons Ltd, Lever pacific Timbers, Solomon Islands Plantations Ltd, Solomon Taiyo, Solomon Islands Ports Authority; Trades Disputes Panel Awards, 1984-2000. See Finding aids for details.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Solomon Islands National Union of Workers, PO Box 14, Honiara, Solomon Islands

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>

AU PMB MS 1195

Title: Reports on the Trade Union Movement in the Pacific Islands

Date(s): 1981 (Creation)

Level of description: Collection

Extent and medium: 1 reel; 35mm microfilm

Name of creator: Australian Council of Trade Unions

Scope and content:

Jim Falk (University of Wollongong), *A New Force in the Nuclear Conflict: the Birth of the Pacific Trade Union Forum*, Jun 1981. Ts., p/c, 32pp. Michael Hamel-Green (People for Nuclear Disarmament), *The Second Pacific Trade Union Forum Conference, Noumea, New Caledonia, 26-28 September 1982. A report on the background, proceedings and outcome of the conference, 1982.* Ts., p/c, 22pp. Michael Easson (Assistant Secretary of the Labor Council of NSW), *Left and Labor in the Pacific. Contribution to Hoover Institute, Stanford University, Seminar on 'The Red Orchestra in*

the Pacific', n.d. Ts., p/c, 65pp. R Hogan (Victorian State Secretary, Federated Miscellaneous Workers Union), Report to ACTU Executive on Pacific Trade Union Conference held at Auckland, New Zealand, May 18-May 20, 1986, 3 Mar 1987. Ts., p/c, 35pp plus attachments. Raghwan (Education Officer, ICFTU/APRO Pacific Office), ICFTU/APRO Education Project, Brisbane, Australia. 1. Report, Proceedings and Recommendations of the ICFTU/APRO Pacific Education Project Review and Planning Workshop, 26-18th April, 1989; 2. Conclusion of Steering Committee Meeting of the South Pacific and Oceanic Council of Trade Unions (SPOCTU), 28th April", 1989. Ts., p/c, c.60pp. Minutes of the ICFTU/APRO Pacific Structure Steering Committee meeting, Brisbane, Australia, 28 Apr 1989. Ts., 6pp. Michael Kinnane (Executive Officer, South Pacific and Oceanic Council of Trade Unions), Trade Unions in the Island Countries of the South Pacific Region: an overview, Jan 1990. Ts., p/c, 7pp., plus attachments. Michael Kinnane (Executive Officer, South Pacific and Oceanic Council of Trade Unions), Trade Unions in the South Pacific: some observations, 4 Sep 1990. Ts., 12pp. Pratap Chand, Ken Douglas & Bill Mansfield (South Pacific Union Development Program Steering Committee), Review of the South Pacific Union Program, May 1997. Ts., 30pp.

Conditions governing access: Available for reference.

Existence and location of originals: Mr Alan Matheson, International Officer, Australian Council of Trade Unions, Level 2, 393 Swanston Street, Melbourne VIC 3000, Australia

Existence and location of copies: Access this title at PMB Member Libraries or by contacting the Bureau directly: <http://asiapacific.anu.edu.au/pambu/accessing.php>
